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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 53 BOMBAY: MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

Pakistan Harasses Refugees

DEMANDS DOMICILE CERTIFICATE

Dacca Villages Looted

NEW DELHI, March 5, (PTI).

THE Government of India are understood to have lodged a strong protest to the Pakistan Government against harassment of evacuees from East Bengal.

The Pakistan authorities are stated to be insisting on the production of Indian domicile certificates apart from Income-Tax clearing certifications.

The Government of India note is reported to have pointed out to the Pakistan authorities that these "forcible measures" to stop the movement of evacuees would only add to panic and excitement.

The restrictions are said to be causing panic among the fleeing Hindus who have been uprooted from their homes, lost all their belongings and are without means to obtain food or clothing.

STRANGE DEMAND

As regards the Indian Domicile certificates, it is pointed out here that no such certificaes have so far been issued by the Indian Government and to expect exacuees to be in possession of such certificates, it is stated, is a strange demand.

The Government of India have urged that immediate arrangements be made for the relief of those who have been rendered homeless and that transport facilities should be provided under adequate protection for those who have been marooned at various places.

Reports from Dacca show that the houses of Hindus of a number of villages in Dacca District have been locted practically of all their contents. The people who have been rendered homeless are without food either. Among the localities worst affected in Dacca itself are Banagram and Makim's Lane. The situation in these areas continues to be tense. Houses have been extensively looted and many completely burnt down. Places of worship are said to have been desecrated.

NO RELIEF

No relief has been arranged by the Pakistan Government nor any Pakistani officer has visited the locality.

Most of the refugees in Banagram are sheltered in private houses. A further influx followed the Government order to close down refugee camps. There has been a general demand from the refugees for facilities to go to India.

AN ADMISSION

Radio Pakistan announced yesterday the figures of casualties in Calcutta as 31, of which 20 were Muslims. The radio quoted Pandit Nehru for the figures. The Pakistan Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, had stated in communication to Pandit Nehru that the news item published to the effect that ten thousand Muslims were killed in West Bengal was based on hearsay and that instructions had been issued to Radio Pakistan to broadcast the casualty figures as given by the Indian Prime Minister. The announcement was in response to the undertaking.

CENSORSHIP

On the question of censorship, Radio Pakistan stated that Pandit Nehru's statement that certain correspondents of Indian newspapers in East Bengal had to submit their reports and messages to the Government before they were allowed to send the stories to Indian newspapers as "incorrect". Radio Pakistan however, added "the crux of the matter is that all messages going out are liable to censorship."

SAVE THE HINDUS IN E. PAKISTAN

Demand At Delhi Public Meeting

NEW DELHI, March 5 (UPI): Grave concern over the happenings in East Bengal was expressed at a largely attended public meeting here today. Dr. Gokul Chand Narang, former Minister of United Punjab, Pandit Sharma and other Hindu Mahasabha leaders were among those who addressed the meeting.

A resolution expressing sorrow at the appalling conditions in East Bengal and urging upon the Government of India to take effective and speedy measures to save the 15 million Hindus in that part of Pakistan was passed at the meeting.

Complete hartal was observed by traders in some areas of Delhi today to demonstrate their anxiety about the East Bengal situation.

CALCUTTA QUIET

Abandon Hartal, Says Press Note

CALCUTTA, March 5 (UPI)—The situation in all affected areas in Calcutta is quiet says a press note issued by the West Bengal Government today.

The press note adds that it is reported that some persons have called a hartal on Monday for the purpose of drawing the attention of the honourable Prime Minister to the situation in East Bengal and to the necessity of taking steps to find a solution of the problem.

The Prime Minister will be in Calcutta for three or four days and during that period representatives of all schools of thought will have sufficient opportunity of putting their respective points of view before hm. Obviously no hartal is necessary for the purpose.

The press note points out that past experience has shown that in every hartal there is a risk of disturbances as a section of people would force upon others their point of view. As a result even during the last hartal some instances of rowdism were witnessed resulting in the dislocation of normal life of the city to a certain extent.

About fifty refugees including some women are reported to have been detrained by Pakistan Authorities at the last border station in East Bengal on the Silchur section of East Bengal Railway for not possessing permits, according to reports received here.

Call To Pak Women

LUCKNOW, March 5 (PTI)—The Milani Samiti Women's Organisation of Lucknow in a resolution called upon the women of Pakistan to rise up to the occasion to safeguard the honour of their Hindu sisters in East Pakistan.

The organisation urged Pandit Nehru to take all possible measures for the protection of the honour and lives of those in minority in East Pakistan and appealed to the Government of India to provide adequate relief to the sufferers from there.

U. P. GOVERNMENT REJECTS SAKSENA'S DEMAND

LUCKNOW, March 5 (P.T.I.): The U.P. Government today rejected the main demand of Mr. Shibbanlal Saksena, who is on hunger strike, in a three-page press note clarifying certain points raised by Mr. Saksena at his press conference on Friday last.

Mr. Saksena had demanded that a final decision on the Nimbkar Committee recommendations, which were unanimous, must be taken now so that the basic minimum wage fixed may be taken into consideration in computing the sugar price.

The press note said: "No useful purpose will be served by referring the recommendations of the Nimbkar Committee to any tribunal at the present moment.

"A sufficient clarity and reasonable certainty as regards future course of action over at least two or three years have to be vouchsafed before the long term capacity of the sugar industry to pay a particular level of wages could be profitably investigated".

VICTIMISATION

Referring to Mr. Saksena's allegation of victimisation of workers, the press note said: "Government is not aware that one thousand workers have been victimised. Mr. Saksena was asked by Mr. Sampurnand, Labour Minister, for a list of workers who have been victimised. Mr. Saksena promised to send such a list, but has not done so.

"Apart from the present allegation, whenever, Mr. Saksena has brought specific bases to Government's notice. Government have had all such cases most carefully inquired into and taken action whenever action was warranted. Government will continue to inquire into specific cases brought to their notice. It is, however, not possible while a regular machinery exists for the redress of labour grievances, to refer ordinary cases to arbitration by an 'ad hoc' agency".

MALAY CONSTABLES KILLED

Ambushed At Johore

SINGAPORE, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): Two Malay special constables were killed and a British assistant estate manager and three other Malay special constables were seriously wounded when they were ambushed on the Eldred Estate in the Segamat area at Johore, yesterday afternoon, it was announced today.

BRITISH STEEL PRODUCTION

Record For February

LONDON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): British steel production in February established a new record with an annual rate of 16,176,000 tons.

Pig iron output was at an annual rate of 9,588,000 tons compared with 9,422,000 a year ago.

Ministers Have Their Fun

JAMMU, March 5 (PTI).

CLAD in half shirts and pyjamas, with buckets of multi-coloured water and long syringes in hand, members of the Kashmir Cabinet headed by the Deputy Chief Minister Bakshi Ghulam Mohammed went round the main streets of Jammu yesterday splashing the people with coloured water.

The Deputy Chief Minister's party thus celebrating Holi encountered many a group of rival merry-makers and had regular "battles" of coloured water spraying for six hours.

4 KILLED IN ARMED RAID

Incident In West Bengal

CALCUTTA, March 5 (PTI)—Four persons were killed in a clash last night between a party of armed raiders and residents of a village in Burdwan district, about fifty miles from Calcutta, according to information received here today.

A number of huts were burnt down during the disturbance, the exact nature of which is not ascertainable in the absence of details. The raiders were, however, beaten back by the villagers.

The Additional District Magistrate, Burdwan, and the District Superintendent of Police rushed to the village with an armed police force. Police pickets have been posted in the area.

SUFFER AND SACRIFICE WITH THE MASSES

Mookerjee's Advice To The Well-To-Do

NEW DELHI, March 5, (PTI).

DR. SHYAMA PRASAD MOOKERJEE, the Industry Minister stressed today the absolute need for understanding between Government and industrialists on the one hand and the people on the other, if the economic policy of the Government was to get public support.

Dr. Mookerjee who, was inaugurating the 10th annual session of the All India Manufacturers' Organisation referred to Dr. Alagappa Chettiar's remarks (see page two) about the elections in Australia, New Zealand and Britain and said: "He has conveniently forgotten about China".

"We have got to learn our lessons by keeping our eyes open and seeing how things are shaping and re-shaping themselves in different parts of the world".

SACRIFICES NEEDED

Pleading for sacrifices by those "who are more fortunately placed", Dr. Mookerjee said: "If we are to remain where we were in the past, and if all sufferings and sacrifices are to be made by the common people and the poor people, the masses and the people of the country will not tolerate it".

But if everyone were to share in the sufferings and sacrifices and create an atmosphere of co-operation and understanding amongst all, the country would be able to turn "a corner which will lead to economic prosperity".

The Industry Minister appealed to the manufacturers besides passing resolutions and giving advice to Government to voluntarily set up targets of production and produce more.

He indicated that Parliament would be called upon during its current session to undertake legislation to enables State governments to provide financial and other help and assistance to medium and light industries.

The Industry Minister, at the outset paid a tribute to Sir M. Visvesvarayya and said he was one of the "real builders of modern India". His contribution in the field of developing the natural resources of the country would be remembered not only by the present generation but the generations yet unborn.

CO-OPERATION

Stressing the need for creating an atmosphere of complete co-operation and understanding, the Industry Minister said that the economic rebuilding of India was a task which could be done only with the co-operation between Government, industry and labour.

While the President had referred to the need for industrial and governmental co-operation, he had not mentioned a word about labour. "Whatever the industrialists are producing, I suppose, is being done with the co-operation of labour". A few words of appreciation would have been welcomed at least by them. The Minister said that he was sure industrialists recognised the need for creating "new bonds of alliance" with labour. They also needed the co-operation of people.

Referring to "the problem of nationalisation", the Industry Minister said that references made to the possibilities of some sector of industry being nationalised was not for the purpose of creating "vested interests inside Government".

CONTROLS

Dr. Mookerjee said Government were not enamoured of controls and in fact he would personally like controls to go as early as possible provided somebody undertook the responsibility of seeing that there was no blackmarket and undue profiteering of commodities in short supply. If any organisation came forward to say that they would be prepared to take up the responsibility for fair and equitable distribution Government would be prepared to hand over the responsibilities.

Government had also to interfere in regard to mills which had been closed down and where there was demand both from labour and the consumers that such institutions should be run. Government did not want to do anything wyhich might create "misunderstanding" in the industry concerned. They had taken action in regard to a particular group of mills in Bombay after considerable discussion with the interests concerned.

4 Killed In Clash

ALIGARH, March 5 (PTD).—Four persons are reported to have been killed and a number of others injured as a result of a clash between two groups here yesterday. Some cases of looting have also been reported.

A twentyfour-hour curfew has been enforced in the city and the civil lines.

The trouble arose over the throwing of coloured water on the occasion of the Holi celebrations.

Affair Of The Generals

SAIGON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): The French High Commissioner in Indo-China, M. Leon Pignon, returned here today after a fortnight's stay in Paris, during which he gave evidence before the Parliamentary Commission inquiring into alleged leakage of defence documents in Indo-China, known as the "Affair of the Generals".

NEHRU GOING TO CALCUTTA TODAY

Sitaram To Submit His Report

CALCUTTA, March 5, (UPI):—Prime Minister Pandit Nehru is arriving in Calcutta tomorrow morning on a three-day official visit to study and discuss with officials and non-officials the East Bengal situation.

During his stay here he will also have a conference with the Chief Ministers of West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa and Assam to discuss the problem of rehabilitation of East Bengal refugees.

The Indian High Commissioner in Pakistan, Dr. Sitaram and his deputy Shri Santosh Kumar Basu are also arriving here tomorrow and they are expected to submit detailed reports to the Prime Minister, about their findings on the situation in East Bengal vis-a-vis the plight of Hindus there.

Although the Prime Minister's arrival here tomorrow will be private, he will be received at the air port by the West Bengal Governor and a few Ministers and some top-ranking officials of the Bengal Government. He will be accompanied by his Private Secretary Mr. M. O. Mathai and his daughter Mrs. Indira Gandhi.

CALCUTTA MAIL DISASTER

Enquiry To Be Held Today

MADRAS, March 5, (UPI):—According to latest information, the number of injured persons in the Calcutta Mail incident has increased to 96. The death figure remains unchanged. An enquiry into the disaster will be held tomorrow.

DEVASTATING FIRE AT MANMANE

38 Houses Gutted

KARWAR, March 5 (PTI)—Thirty-eight houses in the village of Manmane (Sidapur Taluka) were completely guted and about 200 people were rendered homeless in a devastating fire last week-end.

Preliminary official estimates put the total amount of losses at over Rs. 35,000.

No human lives, however, were lost.

Goondas Arrested

CALCUTTA, March 5 (UPI): A mob of about 2,000 Muslims from adjoining Pakistan territories armed with deadly weapons attempted last night to enter into Cooch Behar town by crossing the Tors river, according to a report published in local papers here today.

The report adds that on receipt of information a combined force of police and military rushed to the spot and put under arrest 23 persons who were armed. On search of a "madrasa" on the side of the river where the people had previously held a meeting, lethal weapons were recovered by the police.

ISRAEL PREPARING FOR NEW AGGRESSION

Azzam Pasha Says Jews Cannot Help It

CAIRO, March 5, (PTI-Reuter).

AZZAM PASHA, Secretary-General of the Arab League, declared today that Israel—realising she must expand or collapse—was preparing for "new aggression which may come at any time."

He said Israel was receiving large quantities of arms from Czechoslovakia and other countries, and now had "a modern army if anything better equipped than the Arab forces."

"The Jews know that having started on a course of aggression they must continue. If they stop the new state will collapse.

"Men and money are being pushed into the little bridgehead that is Israel, and expansion has become for the Jews a matter of life or death."

JEWS ROLE

Azzam Pasha continued: "The remainder of Palestine is the Jews immediate goal. They are immediately waiting for new opportunity to attack.

"Experience shows there is nothing to prevent the Jews from flouting international authority and presenting the United Nations with a fait accompli.

"Modern history is encouraging to aggression. There is no single cause where the United Nations had taken decisive action to deter an aggression.

"Aggression in Palestine was started by the Jews, while the role of the Arabs has always been, and will continue to be, purely defensive.

"In the event of new Jewish aggression the Arabs will of course fight".

JORDAN CABINET FORMATION

Former Premier Asked To Withdraw Resignation

AMMAN, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): King Abdullah of Jordan today asked Tewfik Abu El Hudu Pasha, whose Government resigned last Thursday, to withdraw his resignation following failure of Samir Rifai Pasha to form a Government last night.

It was officially stated that the King's anxiety not to lose time while preparations are being made for elections to the House of Representatives next montn prompted him to "order Abu El Hudu to withdraw his resignation.

Petrol Lamp Starts A Big Fire

SAIGON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): An overturned petrol lamp started a fire in the Cholon District of Saigon last night, destroying 1,000 straw huts and robbing 6,000 Chinese of their homes.

NEW I A F STATION AT AGRA

Baldev Singh Lays Its Foundation Stone

Tells People To Be Vigilant

AGRA, March 5, (UPI).

THE Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, declared that the latest happenings in East Bengal were ominous and the manner in which the Pakistan authorities seemed to gloss over them was very much like how things had fashioned in 1947.

He warned that it would be folly mistaking these tactics. "In any event, we cannot be complacent; you must remain vigilant. I will not say more." He added.

The Defence Minister was speaking to a gathering on the occasion of the laying the foundation stone of the permanent Indian Air Force station here. He recounted the achievements of the air force of the time of partition and of subsequent months when armies had to fight the gangsters back from Srinagar and elsewhere into the recesses of unchartered and unknown valleys.

"The tasks assigned to it from day to day were indeed full of peril", he added. "They have proved their mettle, their patriotism and their worth".

"I wish I could say their task is ended", he observed; "but it is not Fortunately, the hostilities have been brought to a stop since the cease-fire was agreed upon over 14 months ago We have kept our pledged word and our forces have held themselves in restraint in spite of number of annoying incidents and inroads by the other side".

NO WEAK SPOTS

Addressing the young officers and men, the Defence Minister said that their likes and dislikes should not injure the interests of the service, nor should there be any room for sectional communal or provincial considerations. "We should not allow any weak spots to develop anywhere", he said, and urged the officers to give a fair deal to all officers and men serving under them.

The station, which completed, will cover an area of some 2,700 acres. In addition to buildings for residence and for officers, it will have an airfield where every type of heavy and fast aircraft will be able to land and take off by radio.

NEVER WAR

Affirming that India would not go to war, Sardar Baldev Singh said, "We on our side have affirmed that we will not go to war for the settlement of Kashmir or any other dispute. Our case is just; we shall not depart from the path of justice. But we are up against a mentality that has baffled all lovers of peaceful methods. Our restraint and our patience have so far found little response from the other side. Hatred and falsehood which subjected millions of innocent men, women and children to unparalleled misery in 1947 are still the theme across the border among their propagandists, their press and their preachers. Evildoers are at large and evil still stalks here and there with brazen audacity

(Continued on page 7)

One Dead, 20 Hurt In Katni Clash

HOLI INCIDENT

JUBBULPORE, March 5 (PTI): One person was killed and twenty others were injured in a clash today between two groups of people at Katni, about 60 miles from Jubbulpore, according to information received here.

The police opened fore to disperse the rioters.

It is stated that the trouble arose over the sprinkling of coloured water in observance of the "Holi" festival.

Processions and public meetings, as also carrying of lethal weapons, within the municipal limits of Katni, have been banned for one month by an order under section 144 Cr. P. C.

The District Magistrate with adequate police forced rushed to Katni today. The situation is now under control.

USHERS PREVENT A BATTLE

Verbal Exchange In French Assembly

PARIS, March 5 (PTI-Reuter)—Fifty Communists tried to get to grips with government deputies in the National Assembly tonight, but ushers stepped in and prevented what threatened to be a battle royal.

The Communists tried to cross the chamber after violent verbal exchanges with Popular Republicans during the non-stop debate of the Government's Anti-Sabotage Bill. Ushers barred their way. A scuffle followed during which the Speaker (Chairman) announced suspension of the debate.

Communist deputies returned in force to the French National Assembly this afternoon to continue their filibuster, begun on Friday morning, against the Government Anti-Sabotage Bill.

Interruptions broke out as soon as a Popular Republican Deputy rose to introduce an amended version of the measure, designed to protect French and American war material from Communist sabotage. For more than 40 hours, Communists have kept up a non-stop barrage of interruptions to prevent passage of the bill.

Brawling and fighting, heated invective and long speeches have punctuated the bitter debate.

The Government amended the original terms of the bill to provide punishments for people found guilty of damaging or destroying war material, deliberately bad workmanship in arsenals, hindering the transport of war material or trying to demoralise the army or the nation.

Gwalior Holi Victims

GWALIOR, March 5 (PTD—Thirteen persons, victims today of stray assaults, sequel to yesterday's disturbance, have been admitted to hospital. These incidents arose out of spraying of coloured water on the occasion of 'Holi'.

Forty-two arrests have so far been made in this connection. The police and military are patrolling the affected areas.

CURFEW IMPOSED

Two persons died of stab wounds and the conditions of the other two admitted in hospital earlier are reported to be serious. The total number of persons admitted to hospital upto 9 p.m. was 14.

Curfew has been imposed in the affected area of Lashkar from 9-30 p.m. to 6 a.m. Shops were also reported to have been looted.

TERCENTENARY OF SANT TUKARAM

At 10-15 p.m. on Monday, March 6, All India Radio, Bombay will broadcast a radio report on the tercentenary of Sant Tukaram. The programme, which will include recorded extracts from the speeches of Mr. M. R. Javekar and Mr. P. M. Lad, can be heard on Bombay B.

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BUSINESS OFFERS

Exporters and Merchants interested in Banyans may please contact Zenith Knitting Mills, P.O. Kuniyamuthur (Coimbatore). 1641

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted— House service A. C. Single phase Meters 230 Volts, 50 Cycles 1½ to 10 Amps and three phase 440 Volts 3 and 4 wires 10 to 20 Amps, Weatherproof wires, 1/18, 3/20 and 7/20 Twin, Write, Managing Director Modi Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Bhatinda. (7259)

Wanted— Textile Machinery-6000 spindles. Quote lowest price with make, year, condition and particulars. Latest preferred. The Gnanambika Mills Ltd., Gnanambika Mills P.O., Coimbatore. (7274)

Wanted a complete new or second hand Calico Printing Plant capacity 12000 yards in 8 hours, including Ager, Soaper and drying arrangement. Please send particulars to Modi Spg. & Wvg. Mills Co. Ltd. Modinagar, U.P. (7267)

Wanted one high speed vertical enclosed type Steam Engine 550-600 R.P.M. working pressure 100-120 lbs. Saturated Steam against a back pressure of 10 lbs. The Shankar Sugar Mills Limited, Captainganj (Deoria). (7253)

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Wanted Agents and Organisers for selling our products and the remaining Shares of our Company on a monthly remuneration of Rs. 200/- plus commission and T. A. Apply—CASCW (India) Ltd. 28, Strand Road, Calcutta. (7144)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 8-4-1950 for the post of CAMP COMMANDANT, NARI SEVA SADAN, KURLA. PAY:- Rs. 300-500 PLUS dearness allowance and unfurnished quarters on payment of rent at 10 per cent of grade pay. AGE:- Not less than 40 years and not more than 50 years on 1-7-1950. Age limit relaxable in suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS (1) Training and/or experience of social and welfare work among women. (2) good administrative experience and (3) knowledge of the Sindhi language. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the ex- 7282

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED from Motor Transport Contractors for the Government of Bombay Civil Supplies Department transport work in Bombay City and Suburbs with effect from 1-4-1950 to 30-9-1950. Tenders should be on the following basis:-

(a) Ton-mile rate, the minimum distance for any one movement being taken as one mile, and

(b) (1) Rate per truck per day of 9 hours including one hour's lunch. Should any truck be required on any day beyond 9 hours proportionate increase per hour will be allowed.

(2) Rate per truck for half day of 5 hours.

The rate shown at (b) (1) and (2) above will be primarily applicable to movements to which ton-mile rate cannot be made applicable. The loading capacity of these trucks should be not less than 3·1/2 tons per truck.

2. The Contractors are also requested to state their previous experience and also state the registration mark of trucks they own with their capacity and also the number of trucks which they can arrange at a very short notice whenever exigencies demand.

3. Further particulars as well as tender forms can be obtained from this office on application. The tenders should reach the office before noon on 20-3-1950. The Director does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

DIRECTOR,
Government Transport Service,
Bombay.

Svadeshi Mills Estate,
Queen's Road, Bombay.

7279

JAMMU AND KASHMIR GOVERNMENT—DEPARTMENT OF STATIONERY AND PRINTING

NOTIFICATION

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Stationery Tender" addressed to the Controller Stationery and Printing, Jammu and Kashmir Government, Jammu, will be received upto 28th Chet 2006 corresponding to 10th April 1950 (Monday) for the supply of stationery articles.

Printed tender form containing full details of approximate total requirements and terms of contract can be obtained from the office of the Undersigned at Jammu on cash payment of Rs. 5/- for each form. Forms will not be sent by V.P.P. in any case. Information in regard to the payment of import customs duty in the State on the articles should be ascertained direct from the Inspector of Customs and Excise, Jammu. This Department will not be responsible for clearing the parcels from the Post office or the Customs House unless the invoice and cash amounting to 37 1/2 per cent of the value of the sample articles as approximate Customs duty are received in advance so that the duty may be paid therefrom and the parcels released.

Tenderers should submit samples of stationery articles tendered for duly labelled. Earnest money as detailed in the form (in the shape of Bank receipt) pledged to the Undersigned must accompany the tender, otherwise the tender will not be considered. Quotations without samples and earnest money will not be entertained.

Tenders conflicting with the terms of the tender notice will not be entertained.

(Sd.) J. N. SHARMA,
Controller Stationery and Printing,
Jammu.

7281

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE BOMBAY CITY CIVIL COURT AT BOMBAY

Summary Suit No. 699 of 1948

TULSIDAS HARIDAS ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

BINOD MILLS CO. LTD. .... and ors. ..... Defendants

To,

1. GOPIKISON CHANDAK; and
2. MAHESHWARDAS,

the 2nd and 3rd defendants.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has instituted this suit to recover from you and the Binod Mills Co. Ltd., Rs. 3395-10-0, interest, costs and interest on judgment. You are summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within ten days from the date hereof in default of which the plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for the sum abovenamed. If you cause the appearance to be entered Summons for Judgment will be served upon you on hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend and such leave will be granted if you satisfy the Court by affidavit that there is defence to the suit on merits.

This 10th day of December, 1948.

(Sd.) P. A. DHRUVA
Dy. Registrar.

Sealed.

(Sd.) P. A. DHRUVA
10th December 1948.

M/s. KANGA & CO.
Plaintiff's Attorneys

7278

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from The India United Mills Ltd. No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 and 3, No 4, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, which will be received upto 15-3-1950 at the Registered Office, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender Forms can be obtained from this Office. 7280

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 15-4-1950 for post of FIRST ASSISTANT CHEMICAL ANALYSER TO GOVERNMENT. PAY:- Rs. 200-650 PLUS allowances. Higher starting pay admissible. QUALIFICATIONS. —(1) A degree in Medicine or M.C.P.S. diploma of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Bombay, obtained after 30-4-1944, or qualification specified in first or second schedule of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933, AND a degree in Chemistry, OR (2) degree in Chemistry, post-graduate degree in Biochemistry AND three years' practical experience in analysis of foods, drugs, water, etc., in recognised laboratory. AGE.— Not more than 35 on 1-7-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- made payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay No. 1", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 7284

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 20-4-1950 for post of JUNIOR ENTOMOLOGIST FOR MALARIA ORGANISATION, BOMBAY. PAY:- Rs. 220-650 PLUS house rent allowance if headquarters are in Poona PLUS cost of living allowance. QUALIFICATIONS:- M. Sc. in Zoology or first Class B. Sc. with Zoology as principal subject AND two years' experience in Entomological work. AGE:- Not more than 25 years on 1-7-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay No. 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 7283

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION OF MOTOR GENERATOR SET, STEAM GENERATING SETS, BATTERY AND TWO FILTER PRESSES ETC.

M/s. Gandhi & Co., will, under instructions from M/s. The Amrut Oil Mills Ltd., sell by Public Auction on Monday 13-3-50 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their factory at Hay Bunder Rd., Sewri, Surplus Machinery of said Mills including:— Motor Generator Set 61 H.P. A.C. Motor & 38 K. W. D.C. Generator complete with regulator. Steam Generating set 225 H.P. Bellis morocorn engine and 150 K. W. D.C. Generator complete with switchboard. Steam generating set 70 H.P. engine and 42 K.W. D.C. generator. Battery of 50 electrolytic cells suitable for producing hydrogen & oxygen or for any other work of electrolysis, two filter presses 24" x 24" x 30 plates complete with pumps. Machinery on view from 6-3-50.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

IN ACCORDANCE with Section 184 of the Sea Custom Act 1878 under instruction from the Collector of Customs, Bombay Messrs. Menesse & Co. will sell by public Auction on Monday the 6th, March 1950 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House, Ballard Road, confiscated unclaimed and uncleared goods such as Hand Loom Cotton Piece-goods; Cott Thread; Postal and Air Freight Parcels; Jewellery; Cigarettes; Electric Insulated Wire; Lungies; Wearing Apparel, Personal effects; etc.

MENESSE & CO.

STATE HINDERING INDUSTRIALISTS

'Uncoordinated' Talk Deplored

DR. CHETTIAR'S CHARGE AT DELHI MEETING

NEW DELHI March 5, (PTI).

"WHAT IS HAMPERING OUR INDUSTRIES AND INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION IS NOT SO MUCH THE ABSENCE OF A MASTER PLAN AS THE ABSENCE OF A DECISION ON THE PART OF OUR CENTRAL AND STATE GOVERNMENTS TO ALLOW THE INDUSTRIALISTS TO GO AHEAD UNHINDERED." DECLARED DR. R. M. ALAGAPPA CHETTIAR, IN HIS PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS TO THE TENTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE ALL-INDIA MANUFACTURERS' ORGANISATION HERE TODAY.

The Government, he feared had not yet formed coherent and clear ideas either of objectives or of policies and methods. There was an alarming degree of uncoordinated talk, and what was worse, uncoordinated and inconsistent activity.

"There is even in some responsible quarters a deplorable and dangerous complacency' said Dr. Chettiar, "about the magnitue of our difficulties and the adequacy of the measures thus far devised to deal with various economic and industrial problems facing our country."

He cited the instance of economy in administrative expenditure. The milling crowd of civil servants at New Delhi, he said, was "fatal to efficiency as well as to welfare and a great deal of the expansion was the result of uncoordinated multiplication of functions hardly essential or even desirable at this stage of our country's development."

Was it a policy of minimum retrenchment and minimum economy? he asked. Dr. Chettiar urged the Government to approach the task of reorganisation of the machinery of the Government as a matter of the highest priority in a businesslike fashion.

Holding that it was not the absence of a master plan for industrial expansion that hampered but the absence of a decision on the part of Government not to hinder industrialists. Dr. Alagappa Chettiar said that the surveys that had already been made were available with the industrialists but it could not be said that those plans had been executed even to the extent possible. "The regret is not that we know not what to do but why we have not done as per our existing blue-prints", he added.

PLANNING BODY

Welcoming the appointment of the Central Planning Commission, Dr. Chettiar wanted the inclusion of a businessman of experience and known for his services to the country as one of the members of the Commission and said that some of the executives of the Commission should not be burdened with other cares of office if planning was to be wirthwhile.

Dr. Chettiar said that the primary object of planning should be to raise the living standards of this country. "Our standards are so low" he remarked "that any discussion of equitable distribution will only become empty talk. The abject inadequacy of our income is glaring. Hence the emphasis has to be on production rather than on distribution. We are now faced with the clamour for an increasing share of an existing total and in certain instances even of a decreasing total. Ways and means should be discovered to increase our national production even if it results in shelving in part the the question of distribution for the present.

The present national income has been placed at Rs. 4,800 crores by Sir M. Visvesvaraya and he places the target at Rs. 17,200 crores in ten years time".

NATIONALISATION

On the question of nationalization, Dr. Alagappa Chettiar said that while certain minimum social and economic ideologies were necessary, there should also be a pragmatic approach as to how to build up the wealth of the country. "Once it is accepted that nationalization will be restricted only to certain industries and to certain sectors of economic life", said Dr. Chettiar, "then there should be no hesitation in going all out to encourage the other sectors to develop to the maximum extent possible instead of hindering such developments by a measure here or a measure there on the ostensible pleas of social benefit."

The first was the threat of nationalisation of industries all and sundry and the industrialists were relieved to note that the Ministers were nowadays a little more considerate than just a year ago in their talks about nationalisation. It was better to take a realistic approach and accept hard facts and not to wander in imaginative realms and in wishful thinking. Profit motive could be suppressed only by an all powerful State which did not care for the fundamental rights of its citizens or for the ways of peace.

The other hindrance to the enthusiasm of the investor and the industrialists was the rigours of the present level of direct taxation. Such popularity as one might obtain by soaking the rich would ultimately lead to the riches vanishing, productive enterprises diminishing and the poor remaining where they were instaed of national wealth as such increasing.

MIDDLE CLASSES

Dr. Chettiar said that certain economic ideologies which came in handy during the political struggle were now being passed off for economic truths. Statistics were not worked out out it was glibly assumed to prove preconceived prejudices. One such wrong assumption was about the concentration of capital in industry. A large part of the capital of industries was in fact being contributed not by a few wealthy millionaires at the top but by the ordinary middle class investors.

Middle class people were playing a leading role in the industrial development of the country and it was on this section of the community that society had to depend for the objective of increase in industrial activity. Any relief given to this section of the community would be a real inducement to the flow of capital to industrial undertakings.

One of the most serious economic problems of the present was deterioration in the financial status of the middle classes. During the last fifty years in the so-called learned professions like teaching, law and medicine as well as in the administrative services, men drawn from the middle classes had predominated. The middle classes had suffered substantially to the extent of pinching such elementary wants as housing, food and education of their children. This would have a serious consequence on the calibre of the professional classes in the coming generation and no economic policy could be justified which did not take into account the need for adequate relief to these classes. He suggested cheaper education, control over house rents as well as priority to people within a range of income on both these matters.

NEED FOR SANSKRIT UNIVERSITY

Mr. Gadgil Pledges His Assistance

HARDWAR, March 5 (PTI): Speaking in fluent Sanskrit, Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Works, Mines and Power Minister of India, emphasized that the moment for opening the first Sanskrit university in India had come.

Mr. Gadgil who was presiding over the Sanskrit Sammelan on the occasion of golden jubilee celebrations at Gurukul University on Saturday added that revival of Sanskrit language was now necessary. Mr. Gadgil said that the Sanskrit language was capable of meeting the needs of society and that he would be ever willing to give all assistance that he could in this connection.

AMENITIES TO THIRD CLASS PASSENGERS

Railway Board's Sanction

MIRAJ, March 5 (PTI): The Railway Board has sanctioned about 1,00,000 for providing amenities to third class passengers at important stations situated in the M.S.M. Railway Engineering District extending from Londa to Ghorpade near Poona, according to railway authorities here.

The proposed amenities include cement concreted platforms at important stations like Kolhapur, Miraj and Belgaum and provision for more benches at the stations.

Madras-Bezwada Line Restored

NEW DELHI, March 5 (PTI).—Obstructions caused by the railway accident at Sulurpet having been removed through running of trains on the Madras-Bezwada line has been resumed. it is officially announced

Iranian Ambassador

CALCUTTA, March 5 (PTI)—Mr. Nurie Isfandiari, Iranian Ambassador in India, arrived from Delhi today by air en route to Dacca. He was received at the Dum Dum aerodrome by prominent members of the Iranian society in Calcutta.

Delhi Ban On Weekly

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, March 5.

The Chief Commissioner, Delhi, has served an order under Section 7 of the East Punjab Safety Act, 1949, on "Organiser", an English Weekly of Delhi requiring that paper to submit for scrutiny before publication all communal matter and news and views about Pakistan including photographs and cartoons.

Settlers For Andamans

30 REFUGEE FAMILIES LEAVE CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, March 6.

A batch of thirty East Bengal refugee families recently embarked for the Andamans by the "S.S. Maharaja".

The families, comprising 58 male adults, 37 female adults, 20 male minors, 18 female minors and 15 children below three years, all belong to the agricultural class. Each family were provided with agricultural implements, cooking utensils, two mosquito curtains, ration for the journey, DHOTI, SAREE, blankets and other garments and a cash dole for sundry expenses for a month.

As a personal gift from His Excellency the Governor of West Bengal, one hundred rupees in cash and some sweets were distributed amongst the children before embarkation.

These settlers for the Andamans have all been provided with free passage from Calcutta to Port Blair. Each family will be given ten acres of land free of cost with remission of revenue for the first two years and two thousand rupees including grants

NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

Important Acquisitions

NEW DELHI, March 6.

The records of the Survey of India ranging from 1777 to 1898 formed one of the most important acquisitions of the National Archives of India during the year 1947, according to the Annual Report of the National Archives for that year, which has just been published.

These records contain more than one thousand packages and besides being an indispensable source of information on the early survey activities undertaken by the officers of the East India Company and various survey organisations of the Government of India, throw a flood of light on the conditions of life in India during the 18th and the early 19th centuries.

Among the most important papers in this collection are: Paper on Astronomical Observations (1789-1828) Lambton and Eeverest Papers (1801-1825). Du Vernet Records on Himalayan Survey (1841-43, 1848-54) and Journals and Journeys in Tibet 1861. Most interesting from the Indian point of view are the papers relating to Indian Surveyors such as—Papers of Kushal Singh and Ghanashyam Das on Punjab and Kashmir Sprvey (1809) and particularly the collection of papers relating to Radhanath Sikdar (1849-57) one of the most brilliant Indians to have ever been associated with the Survey of India.

IMPROVING CONDITION OF LIVESTOCK

Madhya Pradesh Bill

NAGPUR, March 5 (PTI): A Bill to secure improvement in the condition of livestock in Madhya Pradesh will be moved by Mr. D. K. Mehta, Agriculture Minister, in the State Legislative Assembly, during its current session, it was learnt here today.

The Bill is in accordance with the recommendation of the Committee appointed by the Government of India some time back to go into the question of preventing slaughter of cattle. A legislation to prevent the slaughter of useful cattle in the State has already been passed while the new Bill would ensure the keeping of a sufficient number of good bulls and compulsory castration of inferior ones.

Dr. Subbaroyan Resigns From Madras Assembly

MADRAS, March 5 (PTI): Dr. P. Subbaroyan, recently appointed India's ambassador in Indonesia, has resigned his membership of the Madras Legislative Assembly.

The Executive Committee of the Congress Legislature Party which met today accepted the resignation and passed a resolution recording its appreciation of Dr. Subbaroyan's services as member of the Madras Cabinet and also as member of the Party and the Legislature. Mr. P. S. Kumaraswamy Raja, the Chief Minister and Leader of the Party presided.

The meeting also wished Dr. Subbaroyan all success in his new office as India's Ambassador in Indonesia.

SENTENCED TO 111 YEARS' JAIL

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, March 5.

A GRADUATE young man of Lahore has been sentenced to an aggregate term of 111 years' rigorous imprisonment on 34 different charges of cheating, forgery, impersonation, etc. Since all the 34 sentences are to run concurrently, the accused will, however, have to undergo imprisonment for 11 years only.

According to the prosecution story, the accused Amanat Ullah, aged 21 years, after graduating from the Punjab University, had a burning desire to go abroad for further studies but his purse would not permit it. Therefore, in order to collect necessary funds, he is reported to have hatched a plan whereby he wrote bogus letters over the forged signatures of the Accountant-General, Punjab, to various Treasury Officers in the province, authorising him to audit the accounts of the Treasuries and draw his salary and travelling allowances as an Inspector.

In this way, he collected over Rs. 12,000 from nine different Treasuries but ultimately he was caught red-handed while busy 'checking' accounts of the Campbellpur Treasury.

Prakasam Asked To Explain Himself

MADRAS, March 5 (PTI).—The latest move of Mr. T. Prakasam, ex-Premier, and fourteen other Congress members to sit in a separate bloc in the Madras Assembly by the side of the Opposition and away from the ministerial benches, was discussed at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Congress Legislature Party today.

After an hour's discussion, the Committee accepted the suggestion of Chief Minister Mr. Kumaraswami Raja that he should write to Mr. Prakasam and each one of the fourteen others separately asking them to clarify the implications of their action before the Committee took any final decision on the matter.

Sheikh Abdullah

NEW DELHI, March 5 (U.P.I.): Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, Premier of Kashmir and Jammu State, who arrived here from Kashmir yesterday, is likely to accompany the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, in his Calcutta tour tomorrow.

Mr. D. P. Dar, Deputy Home Minister, Kashmir and Jammu State, who accompanied Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah to present the Kashmir case before the Security Council at Lake Success, returned to New Delhi from U.S.A. last evening.

The President At Hardwar

HARDWAR, March 5, (PTI): The ancient historic city of Hardwar, well-known place of Hindu pilgrimage, gave a rousing reception to India's President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, when he arrived here on a two-day visit.

The Hardwar Union Municipality presented an address of welcome to Dr. Prasad

Replying to the address, the President asked the City Fathers "to beautify this great centre of learning and enlightenment".

The President later attended an 'at home' before proceeding to Rishikesh where he was accorded a warm welcome. He planted a peepal tree there.

Safe Stolen From Sind Government Office

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, March 5: That even Government offices are not spared by the burglars in the Pakistan Capital is evident from the fact that a small safe containing about Rs. 25,000 cash was stolen from the office of the Civil Supplies, Government of Sind, situated in Napier Barracks, Block No. 6.

When the office was opened in the morning as usual, the door locks were found broken and the safe containing the cash missing

Cantonment Police are conducting the investigations in the affair.

Women Debarred From Medical Service

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, March 5: Women have been debarred from applying for posts in the Sind Medical Service Class I by the Government of Sind, according to a notification appearing in the Sind Government Gazette.

LEFTIST LEADERS MOURN DEATH OF SARAT BOSE

Tributes At Chowpatty Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday.

LEADERS of the leftist parties in Bombay today mourned the death of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose at a meeting held under the presidentship of Mr. R. K. Karanjia at Chowpatty.

Socialist leader Mr. Asoka Mehta who paid tributes to the memory of Mr. Sarat Bose, emphasised the need for fulfilling the mission of Mr. Sarat Chandra's life which, he said, was lifelong stand for building a new society and giving the people of the country full freedom.

Mr. Mehta called upon the youth of the country to be inspired by the life of Mr. Sarat Bose and to propagate his message of progress throughout the country and peace and amity among the people of East and West Bengal. Sarat Bose was the only man, Mr. Mehta concluded, who sincerely worked for bringing peace and friendly relations between the East and West Bengal. "There will not be many to equal his sacrifice" he added.

Mr. N. M. Joshi said that Mr. Sarat Bose's loss was particularly felt at the present time because of the wretched condition of the common people whom he was serving whole-heartedly. Sarat Bose, he said, tried to bring together all the groups and parties and wanted to establish democracy in the country by giving power in the hands of the common man. The best memorial for him would be to continue his work.

Digitized with funding from the State Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

TELLING THE PEOPLE THE TRUTH

Mr. Kher On Publicity Methods

BOMBAY, Sunday.

"THE provision of adult franchise in India's new constitution had, at one stroke, increased ten-fold the responsibilities of those in office and out of office in the matter of enabling the illiterate and uninformed section of the people to derive the fullest benefit from their newly acquired rights", observed Mr. B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay, inaugurating the Publicity Co-ordination Conference at the Secretariat, this morning.

The Chief Minister referred to the motto of the Indian Republic "Truth alone triumphs" and said, "This does not mean that it does not need an array of people who are ranged behind it to defend it, to stand by it and, if need be, to die for it." No Government in modern times, therefore, could be efficiently carried on without adequate publicity, he declared. The masses had a right to know the whole truth about the present situation in the country, particularly in the matter of food, cloth, housing, education and public health.

The cultivator, for instance, had a right to know what was being done for him and why more was not being done. Similarly, the industrial worker had the elementary right to know the truth about who was helping him and how; he had also the right to know why more was not being done for him just then; then there were the middle classes who were also to be really convinced that their welfare and happiness had not been forgotten.

A FORMIDABLE TASK

Thus a colossal amount of information based on unchallengable truth had got to be brought the very doors of the people, Mr. Kher said. It was a formidable task which no agency, however well organised and well-equipped it might be, could hope to perform unaided by others who were no less interested in that noble work.

Mr. Kher said that a special responsibility rested on the Government to see that the maximum possible effort was made in that direction and that a measure of success was achieved in dispelling the ignorance of the people in matters that vitally affected their daily existence.

Directly addressing himself to the officers of the Publicity Department, he said, that it would be the sacred duty of all men and women engaged in publicity work not only to educate and inform the people about their rights as citizens of free India but also to instruct them on their duties as patriotic sons and daughters of the country. There could be no rights without duties and responsibilities, he observed.

PROPAGANDA AND PUBLICITY

The Chief Minister drew a clear distinction between publicity and propaganda and said that the latter had unfortunately been associated with activities that had not always met with the approval of right-thinking men because a propagandist pure and simple was not concerned with truth or factual accuracy of righteousness of the things he propagated. He was not concerned with the purity of the means to achieve his end or with facts. He relied on exaggeration. Propaganda, he added, was relied on by dictators because they did not want to enlighten but to hypnotise the masses into submission.

The Chief Minister then declared, "Speaking for myself, I would not advise or countenance propaganda on the part of the Government or even on its behalf. But publicity is a different matter. It is not only desirable but absolutely essential; it should be publicity for plans, programmes and fulfilment and not for individuals however high placed they may be."

Referrnig to the question of coordination of publicity activities on behalf of the various departments of the Government, Mr. Kher emphasised that such coordination was verv sessential in order to ensure both economy in expenditure and efficiency of work.

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CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Falgun Vad 2, 2006.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 16, 1369.
Parsi: Meher 5, 1319.
Sunrise: 6-55 a.m. Sunset: 6-46 p.m
Hightide: 01-02, 13-27. Lowtide: 07-16, 19-22.

Today's Engagements

OBSERVANCE OF THE THREE-HUNDREDTH DEATH ANNIVERSARY of Saint Tukaram at Ismail College Hall, Jogeshwari, 6 p.m. Mr. U. V. Sabnis presiding.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL CLUB: Screening of interesting American films at "Silverfish" by the United States Information Services, 6 p.m.

ALL-INDIA FEDERATION OF YOUNG THEOSOPHISTS: Mr. Rohit Mehta to speak on "The Role of Youth in Free India" at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION—Meeting to-day (Monday) at 3 P.M.

TODAY'S RADIO

MONDAY, March 6.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6, 9; Gujarati 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. 6-10, 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m. 7-45 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. Tamil 7-15 a.m. 7-15 p.m. Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor bhaee, 7-35 Physical education, 7-40 Today's programme, 7-45 H Divetia, G geets, 8-15 A A Khan sarod, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 H Divetia, pads, 1-40 Dance music, 4-20 School broadcast, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 5-20 A A Khan, sarod, 5-45 S Mehendale, bhimpalas, 6-10 Music lessons, 6-30 Saguna Kalyanpur, Marua, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Tarana, 7-30 H Divetia, G geets, 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 G talk on "Way to Prosperity", 8-45 A Marzban, "India and World" 9-15 Saguna Kalyanpur, shankara, 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 S Choradia, book review, 10-0 Melody trio, 10-25 Lily Pons soprano, 10-40 Melody trio.

VARIATIONS—8-0 a.m. Saguna Kalyananpur, bhairav bahar, 8-45 V G Bhatkar and party, abhang, 1-0 p.m. S Mehendale, bhajan, 1-10 Geet Ganga 1-50 For women, 5-0 Hindi lessons, M 6-0 Gottuvadyam, 6-20 For rural listeners, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 V G Bhatakar and party, a abhang 8-45 Month's song, 9-0 L R Moorty K songs 10-0 Adi Murzban, "Murder of Music" G drama 10-30 A A Khan, sarod.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Salutation, 7-40 Physical education, 7-45 and 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 5-45 G R Shinde, shahnai, 6-10 Hindi lessons, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 As in Ahmedabad, 7-15 Hansaben Mehta, G talk "matdar vibhage", 7-30 G R Shinde, shahnai, 7-45 M S Ranade, raag puria, 8-0 Raag shreni, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 M S Ranade, raags shankara and yaman, 8-45 As in Ahmedabad, 9-30 H Shukla, records story.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m As in Baroda, 7-40 Physical education, 7-45 V Khandekar, kh deogandhar, 8-15 Vadya sangeet, 8-30 A Govindbhai, bhajan, 5-30 p.m. A Govindbhai, G bhajans, 5-45 As in Baroda, 6-10 Hindi lessous, 6-30 V Khandekar, kh. Puria, v.d. 7-0 Our India, 7-15 Hansaben Mehta, G talk "matdar vbhago", 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Rag shreni, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 As in Baroda, 8-45 V R Athavale, raags bhupali and Deshkar, 9-30 vilas Khandekar, kh k.v.d.

STEAMSHIP FARES TOO HIGH

City Goans' Protest

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A mass meeting of Goans was held at the Deoxencares Hall, Mazagaon, to demand the immediate reduction of steam fares on the Konkan Line. The meeting was convened by the Goan People's Party and was largely attended.

The Scindia Steam Ship Navigation Company had recently raised the fares to Rs. 15 for third class from Pajim to Bombay.

The following resolution was passed at the meeting: "This meeting of Goans strongly condemns the Scindia Steam Ship Company for having raised the steamship fares on the Goa-Bombay Line out of all proportion to the large profits they have been making in recent years and 'calls' upon the Government of India to immediately intervene in this matter and demand a drastic reduction in the rates now charged by the Scindia Company for the pasenger lines on the Konkan Coast.

"This meeting also calls upon the Government of India to nationalise this essential service and calls upon all organisations of the people of the Konkan to raise their voice of protest against the present exorbitant rates being charged by the Scindia Company"

Gauhati Condemns Attrocities

GAUHATI, March 5 (P.T.I.): Muslims of Gauhati at a meeting here last night condemned "the excesses and atrocities' perpetrated on the minority community in Pakistan and requested the East Bengal Government to take "firm and determined steps to stop these atrocities at once."

A resolution adopted at the meeting also refuted rumours and exaggerations circulated in the Pakistan press adding that the Assam Government strongly suppressed all the roubles that arose in Gauhati.

'Iron Curtain' Around East Pakistan

RIGOROUS CENSORSHIP: PRESSMEN JAILED

NEW DELHI, March 6.

'THERE is virtually an 'Iron Curtain' around East Pakistan, and matters have reached a stage directly affecting the fundamental principles of freedom of information, declares a statement issued by the Board of Directors of the Press Trust of India."

The Board, at a meeting here discussed at length the position arising out of the Pakistan authorities' action against pressmen in East Bengal, and also the varied criticisms in India regarding the absence of news of recent disturbances in East Pakistant.

"The P.T.I., which is a partner of Reuters and is responsible for the coverage of news from Pakistan, desires to draw attention to the circumstances and conditions which have made it well nigh impossible to obtain news from that area. For the past half a century, the P.T.I. (formerly the A.P.I.) organisation has depended on a network of thirty to forty correspondents spread through East Bengal for its news. During the months of December and January, these men were told by the Pakistan authorities that they would not be permitted to function unless they obtained reaccreditation from Government.

ARRESTS

"Accordingly applications were made for reaccreditation of these correspondents but no accreditation was given nor were any replies received. Two of the correspondents were arrested. These men are Mr. Santosh Chatterjee, arrested on November 25 in Dacca and released on bail after six weeks' detention and served with a notice not to act as a correspondent, and Mr. Birendra Sarkar, arrested at Rajshahi in January and still in jail and not produced before court.

"In consequence, the whole of the long-established organisation in East Bengal was paralysed early in February and practically ceased to function. But even before the wholesale disaccreditation of correspondents, all news sent out by P.T.I. correspondents, more particularly in recent months, has been subjected to the most rigorous censorship and nothing has been permitted to be telegraphed without copies having to be submitted beforehand to the district authorities in each case. Almost invariably the messages have been so mutilated by the censoring authorities that correspondents have hardly found it worthwhile to file them. When other methods, such as the post, have been used for the transmission of news, the publication of such items in the press outside Pakistan has resulted in unpleasant consequences to those known to have or suspected of having sent these messages.

"The news of the recent serious events in East Pakistan reached Calcutta in the middle of February and, in spite of the handicaps involved, arrangements were made to send two men who are now there, but the absence of any news messages from them merely goes to confirm the general experience of P.T.I. men functioning in East Pakistan. In these circumstances, it has become impossible to obtain verified news of current happenings in large areas of East Bengal. In order, however, to avoid distressing repercussions in India, the P.T.I. has refrained from carrying accounts of atrocities taken from refugees in spite of every indication that some of the stories are well-founded.

CALL TO WORLD PRESS

"All the evidence, from both official and private sources, goes to confirm the view that there is virtually an 'iron curtain' around East Pakistan and unless correspondents to East Bengal duly accredited and offered free facilities to file reports are allowed to function, an effective news service cannot be produced. As matters stand at present, correspondents attempting to send objective and accurate news are liable to find themselves in jail or be attacked physically. In the circumstances, the P.T.I. regrets to observe that matters in Pakistan have reached a stage directly affecting the fundamental principles of freedom of information which calls for the serious consideration of the world Press as a whole and other appropriate authorities."

Rain In Madhya Bharat

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, March 5. (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday:—There have been local showers in Vindhya Pradesh and in and near the hills of the West Uttar Pradesh and of Punjab and showers in Madhya Bharat and West Madhya Pradesh. Night temperatures were markedly above normal in South Uttar Pradesh, East Rajasthan, Madhya Bharat and West Madhya Pradesh.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 6TH:—A few thundershowers will occur in Vindhya Pradesh, the southern districts of Uttar Pradesh and the south Deccan and the adjoining districts of Hyderabad. Isolated thundershowers are also likely in the hills of the West Uttar Pradesh. Appreciable change in night temperatures is expected.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours with total rainfall from 1st December 1949, and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hours (I.S.T.) on Sunday.

Allahabad 86 64 0 1.7 plus 0.2, Baroda 100 58 0 0 minus 0.3, Bhopal 90 60 0 1.2 plus 0.6, Bhuj 91 59 0 0 minus 0.3, BOMBAY 87 71 0 0 minus 0.3, Calcutta 95 68 0 0.2 minus 1.6, Colombo 88 75 0.4 17.5 plus 5.4, Cuttack 96 69 0 0.4 plus 1.1, Delhi 87 61 0 0.6 minus 1.7, Indore 94 58 0 0 minus 0.7, Jaipur 84 67 0 0 minus 1.1, Karachi 89 65 0 0.5 minus 0.7, Lahore 80 48 0 2.5 minus 0.1, Lucknow 88 64 0 2.3 plus 0.5, Madras 87 73 0 0.9 minus 6.3, Multan 82 52 0 0.3 minus 0.7, Mussoorie 54 44 0.2 6.0 minus 2.3, Nagpur 94 63 0 0.7 minus 0.9, Patna 89 65 0 0.5 minus 1.1, Patiala 81 51 0 3.3 — —, Poona 96 63 0 0 minus 0.3, Rajkot 95 58 0 0 minus 0.2, Ranchi 86 60 0 0.2 minus 3.0, Shillong 72 51 0 2.0 0, Simla 52 40 0.1 — plus 0.3.

Earthquake

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin 785 miles away from New Delhi probably near latitude forty degrees north and longitude seventy-three degrees east on the western border of Sinking Province was recorded by seismograph at New Delhi at 06 hours 05 minutes 29 seconds (I.S.T.) on Sunday.

Spies Arrested

SILCHAR, March 5 (UPI): Two Punjabi Muslims suspected to be Pakistani spies were arrested at Kolasib, while they were coming from Aijal to Silchar in a jeep. They were said to be travelling without any permit.

The jeep was also seized by the police.

MINISTER'S CALL TO TECHNICIANS

Nimbalkar Urges Raising Standard Of Training

BOMBAY, March 4, (PTI)

MR. M. M. NAIK NIMBALKAR, Minister for Development, Bombay, has called upon technicians to contribute, directly or indirectly, to the attainment of a higher standard of technical training in India. Only then, he said, could India achieve a degree of efficiency which would make for a reasonably high standard of living for the people.

Mr. Nimbalkar who was inaugurating the 5th annual convention of the MIT (Massachussets Institute of Technology) Alumni Association of India here this evening, in the absence of Dr Syama Prasad Mookherjee, India's Industries Minister, said that any suggestions coming from the Association would receive due consideration when "we are just embarking upon our task of national reconstruction".

Brain Power Can Weld It

Mr S. M. Dahanukar addressing the convention said the MIT Association of India was looking forward to an era in which not only the Capital and Labour but also the brain power of the industry the engineer and the technologist would be welded together in order not only to improve the technique bring in efficiency and lower the cost of production, but also to develop new and more useful products and services for the benefit of the people.

Parking Of Vehicles On Hornby Road

BOMBAY, Sunday: From Monday, March 6 next, an unilateral system of parking vehicles will be introduced on Hornby Road between Bori Bunder and Flora Fountain junctions in place of the existing total prohibition of parking. The parking of vehicles will be permitted for half an hour only on the east side of Hornby Road on even dates and on the west side on odd dates. Action will be taken against those drivers who park their vehicles longer than the time permitted.

Kaira District Local Board

The Kaira District Local Board which was reconstituted on February 22 last has 70 members on it and not 55 as stated earlier.

WARNING
Against Adulterated Cement

The public are warned that bags of adulterated cement are sometimes substituted for A.C.C. cement bags while the latter are in transit from the Companies' stockist's godown to the purchaser's godown or site of work.

The public are therefore cautioned against such malpractices. They are also urged in their own interests to take all possible precautions not only to buy cement from authorised dealers alone, but to engage reliable persons for transporting it. Hired motor drivers or cartmen cannot always be relied upon to deliver to the purchaser the identical bags given to them by the stockists, as acting in collusion with persons whose business it is to adulterate cement, they may substitute adulterated cement for genuine cement.

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It is at this time that 'Ovaltine' is of immense benefit. Doctors and nurses the world over recommend it to give *extra* vital nourishment in helping to restore the health of body, nerves and brain.
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G.222

The Bombay Chronicle

AND NOW KANPUR

Once again a clash between Communists and jail authorities rising to violence is reported —and this time from Kanpur. It is rather curious that the Communist prisoners demanded of Kanpur District Jail staff that they be allowed to participate in the festivities connected with Holi, and more understandably that they join the other prisoners and the jail staff in their meals. This shows a certain adaptability on the part of the Communists who generally keep away from religious festivities. But that is by the way. What is very relevant is that the request was refused and rioting ensued which ended in injuries to thirty-nine members of the police and the jail staff and to nineteen Communists. The reference to a District Magistrate being on the spot, along with the police, suggests that the Kanpur Jail authorities were prepared for trouble and the element of surprise was less powerful on this occasion than it has been on others. Yet the injuries inflicted on the police and staff suggest a concerted and well-organised attack, for which the authorities were not prepared. The monotony of these incidents is beginning to sicken the public. And it is time that the Government did devise more effective methods of controlling jail situations than the clumsy one of refusing some little request and then equally clumsily resorting to force to put down the prisoners' violence. It does little credit to the Government when it is forced to use violence in its prisons of all places and no amount of explaining can remove the effect on the public mind of these manifestations of indiscipline. The Communists, it should not be forgotten, are striking frequently in one jail after another all over the country with the intention of keeping the public agitated about this; and they are able to do so despite the many difficulties that the party is suffering from—both as regards the restrictions which jail imposes on them and as regards conditions outside. Moreover, however much the administration might dislike it, these repeated riots and police charges must place a strain on the jail staff which will tell in the long run.

We must confess that the complete failure of the Indian authorities to deal with this kind of political agitation has baffled us. In some respects, there does appear to be a psychological block which prevents the Government from dealing effectively with the Communists—perhaps a remembrance of Congress years in jail and in opposition restrains it, or perhaps a subconscious apprehension of the frequently-dinned Kerensky analogy represses it. The result of whatever force it is that holds back the Government and places the burden of resisting the Communist onslaught on its ideologically weakest arm, the police and jail staff, is that the Government figures in a ridiculous light. There is neither logic nor sound common sense in the Government approach to Communism and the Communists. It is a matter which cannot be allowed to drift along the path of prisoners' riots and jail lathi charges and firings. It has to be met on the broad lines of policy. The impression left by recent events is that the Government is willing to wound but afraid to strike.

It cannot be too greatly emphasized that the vacillations and contradictions of the Government are reflected in the conduct of lesser officials of the State; what is worse they leave wide scope for the exercise of personal dislikes and prejudices. We do not see why under a policy which professedly holds no ill-will to Communism but merely puts out of the range of further mischief those individuals, Communists as it happens to be, who have been found indulging in activities detrimental to peace and security, Communist prisoners should be discriminated against in their period of detention. They are not in any sense different, we have been told time and again, from others found guilty of violent or anarchic crime; certainly they are not to be regarded as "political" since holding and expressing Communist views is no offence. Yet it seems the easiest thing for reports to identify trouble-makers as "Communists", and since the incidents occur within jails, presumably the reports are authorised.

That apart, if the other prisoners were allowed to celebrate "Holi", there seems no insuperable obstacle in the way of allowing Communists to celebrate it too along with them. If there is any reason for the Kanpur Jail authorities not to do so, obviously it must be because of directions from the Government. If this inference is correct, then surely it would be much better done if a ban on the Communist Party were imposed straight off. Such a policy would in the long run inflict less hardship on the Communists and their sympathisers and impose less strain on the public than the haphazard lack of policy which now prevails. It should also help to disentangle much non-Communist activity which today is cloaked under the name of Communism. What is now being done brings to the Government the worst of both worlds.

It is interesting to note that according to some journals in the United Provinces, the Communists in the State are gaining in popularity in certain rural areas owing to the Government's anxiety to raise the Zamindar Abolition Fund from the peasants. There seem to be serious differences of opinion regarding the ability of the rural workers to contribute the necessary money but there can be no doubt as to their general unwillingness. The "Hindustan Weekly" comments drily that the policy of detaining Communists is no solution, and it mentions specifically that memories of 1947 when the Communists forcibly ejected the landlords from the soil and distributed the land to the tillers are not dim by any means. After a year or two of quiet, the Communists are reported to be out again on their political work. Obviously, the U.P. presents a different problem from that existing in most other parts of India. The trouble within jails synchronises with the unrest outside. And at such a moment the U.P. Congress which should be a pillar of strength to the Government, is riven with dissensions from which there seems no visible escape. The Congress High Command obviously must apply itself to straightening out the mess and to the urgent task of giving the State a stable government, whilst the Government of India decides on an all-India policy towards the Communist Party.

Rural Universities

Inaugurating the Convocation week of the Patna University, President Rajendra Prasad commended introduction of the system of village universities in India. Such universities, he pointed out, had achieved a great deal in making the people happy, educated and prosperous in other countries. In India they would, he thought, bring about a revolution in education and also in the life of the people. Now it appears from the news which immediately followed the President's pronouncement that the state of Bihar has focussed its attention on the realisation of what he has in view. The Government of Bihar has, under active consideration, a proposal for the establishment of a rural university in Rajgir. Before proceeding to give concrete shape to the proposal, the Government should state its conception of the rural university and its objectives in clear terms. In a reference to the proposal, it was mentioned that the university in Rajgir was expected, when it materialised to impart to youths the right sort of education away from the din and bustle of city life. In all probability the university will be shifted from urban environments but it will retain its present model; and this will not amount to a great achievement. It is futile to expect the change in environments to revolutionise education.

To conceive an entirely new model of the rural university was rather premature at this stage when the idea of academic education on western lines is deep-rooted in the minds of educationists. Freedom has yet to stimulate imagination to stretch itself to its full range in order to strike original thoughts and conceptions in the field of education. Rightly speaking some benefit of education imparted in the rural university should accrue indirectly to villagers. Students should be made to live in typical rural surroundings and to put the knowledge gained by them to practical use, so that villagers might acquire some education without attending the university. The rural university would be in a position to disseminate knowledge more efficiently, if it will lend its resources to be organised as a centre of social education. It should also bring certain benefits to students which they miss in urban localities but which they badly need in order to emerge as useful citizens of free and democratic India. Closer contact with the rural population, if enjoined upon them as a necessary condition of life in the university, will prompt them to treat villagers as their equals. Students should be made to realise that lack of education is not a sign of inferiority. And then they should be trained—in appreciation of the social, cultural and economic aspects of rural life. The achievement of this objective will be facilitated if a course in rural economy and a short term of social work will be introduced and assigned to all students. If the university founded in any rural region prefers to seclude itself within its own precincts, it will lead to perpetuation of some of the shortcomings for which the current system has been severely criticised.

Thought For The Day

For words are wise men's counters, they do but reckon by them; but they are the money of fools.

—THOMAS HOBBES.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

PARIS, March 5 (PTI-Reuter).—Early today, the Communist group in the French Chamber were still fighting their rearguard action, begun on Friday morning, against a Bill designed to protect French and American war material from Communist sabotage.

After forty hours of brawls, expulsions and long speeches, the Communists were still filibustering by presenting humorous motions and speaking for hours about economy in Russia, slumps in America, corruption in Indo-China and the life histories of various French Ministers.

* *

In his broadcast to the nation, the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, said: "The people of Pakistan are of the same stock as we are and have the same virtues and failings. But the basic difficulty of the situation is that the policy of a religious and communal state followed by the Pakistan Government inevitably produces a sense of lack of full citizenship and a continuous insecurity among those who do not belong to the majority community".

This sort of statement is clearly an attempt to emphasise communal distinction between the majority and minority in Pakistan and, therefore, palpable Hindu communalist propaganda against Pakistan.

* *

The Prime Minister, by the way, confessed that he did not know how to deal with the "spate of falsehood and hysterical outburst", in the Pakistan press.

Easy. Let him consult General MacNaughton and the British-led sponsors of the latest Security Council resolution on Kashmir; and they would tell him.

* *

Pir Ilahi Baksh, former Premier of Sind, has disclosed that he is running a parallel Sind provincial Muslim League, as the existing Muslim League is "monopolised by Mr. Khuhro and his associates".

It is, of course, the turn of Pir Ilahi Baksh to protest and revolt.

* *

According to a Washington report, Dr. Li Tsung-Jen was invited to lunch at the White House on Thursday last as Acting President of China. Dr. Li, as the report adds, was invited as President Truman's luncheon guest in the face of the announcement by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek that he is again assuming the Nationalist Presidency.

The U.S. joke being?

* *

HELSINKI, March 1: Russia made new demands for the extradition of Soviet war criminals in a note to Finland yesterday.

H'm. Er—well, h'm.

BOOKS OF TODAY

JOSEPH PROCTOR'S MONEY. By W. H. Lane Crauford. Ward Lock & Co. Ltd. Pages 214. Price 8s. 6d.

SO THE LADY DIED. By Edgar Hale. Ward Lock & Co. Ltd. Pages 222. Price 8s. 6d.

SWEET JUSTICE. By Colin Robertson. Ward Lock & Co. Ltd. Pages 224. Price 8s. 6d.

TURN IN, MY LORD. By Laurence Wilkinson. Ward Lock & Co. Ltd. Pages 221. Price 8s. 6d.

The recent mystery novels to be published by Ward Lock & Co. offer the discriminating reader varied fare ranging from a Secret Service drama to the exploits of fortune hunters and notorious gangs and the unravelling by Fleet Street journalists of momentous intrigues.

"Mr. Crauford has now a long list to his credit and has won a high reputation as a novel writer, both in the realms of humour and mystery.... Several of his books have been made into films. "It is thus that the publisher's blurb describes Lane Crauford's latest mystery novel: it is by no means wrong. "Joseph Proctor's Money" has not only the qualities that go towards a successful film, but it also scintillates with mystery coupled with a certain sense of the ironies of life.

The story revolves round a not so common theme. In the ordinary course of business it falls to the lot of Robin Thornley, a solicitor, to inquire into the whereabouts of a certain Poppy Titmarsh, who had been left a small legacy by her employer. Robin begins with search with no expectations of the unusual, but very soon finds that he has stirred the mud which covers a sinister secret—the key to which seems to be held by Poppy's husband Sam, the heir to a fortune left by his grateful employer, Joseph Proctor. Sensational happenings occur one after another, the neighbours all add their quota to the problem, and with every new discovery the disappeasance of Poppy Titmarsh becomes more puzzling.

The solution is revealed in a strange and quite unexpected manner. Sam, faced with a murder charge, tells a strange story of love, greed and impersonation. All's well that ends well, however, and the story concludes on an ironical note as the solicitor finally finds himself held up by the all-important question that set him on the track, "Where is Poppy Titmarsh?"

The story of the two fortunes is well linked together, the love interest being subordinate but by no means insignificant. The characterisation is slight; Poppy seldom appears on the scene, but so deftly has the author introduced his touches that we seem to feel her presence, warm and vital, throughout what seems an entirely satisfying mystery.

A Micky Regan Exploit

Not so satisfying however, is the Micky Regan thriller, "So The Lady Died." Twice in the past Detective Inspector Michael Regan and his wife Pam have crossed swords with the notorious and mysterious Countess Paula-Lerida. Each time death leered over their shoulders. In this, their third desperate encounter, however, the author seems hardly convincing. The notorious Countess, the woman whose hands pulled many strings and whose evil brain conceived many amazing crimes seems but a pale shadow of her former self, and it is with some relief that the reader at long last finds that the lady is really dead.

This time it is the robbery and the attempted murder of a top ranking scientist, Marden that sends Micky racing away to the Yorkshire moors. But he does not arrive at his destination and Pam starts in search of her husband: there is hardly a doubt that Paula — Lerida and her gang are at work again. The story moves slowly forward to its inevitable end with Pam and her little son as pawns in the game, and with Maxton Day, formerly of the Military Intelligence—and what seems one of the author's lovable characters—coming opportunely to the rescue and dying a heroic death in the bargain.

Vengeance Is Mine

"Revenge is sweet." David MacLeod, private detective, knows what he is about as he sets out to avenge the mysteriaus death of his brother Julian. David has no clues: he only knows he is driven by an irresistible hatred for Sadie Marsh. He can see the girl's poisonous face all over, even in the surface of his drink.....

This hatred becomes an obsession and makes him an easy prey to the explanations of the Russian agents who wish to frame him for murder. This forms the basis of a dramatic Secret Service story mounting to a powerful climax. From thence onwards it is a veritable intrigue and counter intrigue, with the Russian agents crossing and doublecrossing each other and all concerned. But thanks to the rugged determination of hero and a lucky code book, the mystery is solved and David frees himself from all illusions and obsessions, as he finds that his Julian has clay feet. Sweet Justice takes its due course and the villains get their due reward in an unbeatable climax.

The Secret Service agents seem to follow their course with little regard to probability: the style however, is easy and makes up for this lack of reality. A readable book that you should not miss if you care for a good thriller with plenty thrown in.

A Sophisticated Thriller

For those readers who prefer thrillers with a touch of sophistication, "Turn in, my Lord" is just the thing. This book, which has been described by no less an authority than Pater Cheyney as "interesting ably written, thrilling and exciting "is a thriller with a difference. However, as one finds oneself once again wallowing in a world of missing professors and ato-

(Continued on Page 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A Bad Lapse

In Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's broadcast on the state of the nation, there was one little reference to transfer of population which is liable to be misunderstood. Not only did he use the word "exchange" but he even went to say "About a third of the population of East Bengal consists of Hindus, and the Muslim population of West Bengal is also considerable". Considering that the troubles in India are not in any way comparable to those in East Pakistan, considering that Pandit Jawaharlal ended with the wise advice to the public not to retaliate on the innocent, this was an observation that is most unfortunate. If the Muslims in West Bengal do not wish to go to East Bengal, surely it would be wrong to ask them to go in order that the Hindus in East Bengal might have room here. This is not in keeping with the rest of the Prime Minister's broadcast but it is sure to be an interpretation which will be used to create mischief. The remark will be taken to mean that he has indirectly admitted the Pakistan exaggerations. The Prime Minister ought to have been more guarded in his utterance on the East Bengal situation, particularly in view of the troubles now there and the deliberate distortions that have already taken place on that side. It would be well if important pronouncements like this are prepared carefully in advance.

AIR Music

To the Station Directors of the All India Radio, who met in a conference the other day at New Delhi, Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister for Information and Broadcasting, said that theirs was the dual role of an administrator and organiser The broadcasting station, he added, was a combination of a school and a centre of music and literary and cultural activity. So far as Indian music is concerned, the broadcasting house, at present, is hardly better than a clearing house of music—mature as well as amateurish, good and bad. The lavish fare, provided by the radio, of film songs including at times those rejected by the censor authority shows how much organisation in music was attempted by station officials. Music is a major item on the daily programme of the All India Radio. It offers a vast field for research and organisation. To do full justice to classical music, it is absolutely necessary to provide a programme which is well balanced by representation of all the classical schools and styles of singing. Equally important should be the function of the radio to initiate, without preference or prejudice, listeners in appreciation of the different classical schools. Since the music policy is moulded by departmental officials according to their judgment and standards it now requires to be completely overhauled. Ministers and other high officials in charge of broadcasting have not yet realised the desirability of ascertaining the views of accredited exponents of all the classical schools and of consulting the expert non-professional opinion. In the matter of music, the All India Radio still follows the 'what-the-people-want' principle; and hence the profusion in programmes of film songs and light varieties irrespective of their musical and poetic values. As a department of the Government, the duty of the All India Radio should be to create the taste of listeners for higher music and to revive the classical schools which were facing the danger of extinction.

Baby Foods

There is an acute shortage in the city of baby foods, like Lactogen, Glaxo, Similac, Horlicks, etc. You cannot have these for love or money. A few chemists condescend to promise a tin in a fortnight if you show them a doctor's prescription or a baby's ration card. in the meantime, the baby must get on as best as it can and suffer from the muddle-headedness and lethargy of the import control authorities. Enquiries at the chemists reveal that the authorities, apparently, do not know their own minds. Sometimes they sanction only Lactogen and no other variety will be available for the next three months. Unfortunately, the stocks of Lactogen do not last for more than a few weeks. After that will come the turn of, say, Glaxo and nothing else, followed by another period of scarcity. The baby's stomach has to adjust itself to a new brand of baby food every few weeks, with an intervening period of no baby food at all. With a little imagination and thought this kind of unintended cruelty can be easily avoided. We are told that similar erratic control operates on import of medicines and surgical instruments. Does it mean that there is no one to impress the Health Ministry's point of view on the import control authorities? Or does the Health Ministry consider an adequate and regular supply of baby foods, medicines, surgical instruments and other medical and health requisites unessential for the health of the nation?

Textile Crisis

Like a lawyer, Mr. G. D. Somani, President of the Western India Chamber of Commerce, cleverly presented the industry's case, in his presidential speech at the All-India Textile Conference, last Saturday. He said that the Government's efforts to bring down the prices of cloth had actually brought about crisis in the industry, particularly because there was no control imposed on the price of raw cotton. He suggested control of raw cotton price and cutting down production costs to get the industry out of its present difficulties. He felt that Labour should be geared to such a pitch of efficiency that the increase in labour costs should be balanced by increase in production. It is easy to blame the Government for controls but the factors which made them necessary are conveniently forgotten. Why cannot the textile industry trace a part of the blame to the hoarding, profiteering and black-marketing that occurred in its own ranks? The misuse of the managing agency system, favouritism and the resultant neglect of real technicians is greatly responsible for the fall in production and efficiency. Has the industry ever thought of providing facilities for learning better and speedier workmanship for their own staff? It is easy to talk of gearing up Labour but have they done anything concrete except attempting to exploit further their over-worked men? If there is to be efficiency it must start from the top. If there is sensible rationalisation, no workers' organisation would resist it. Increased production should bring prosperity to them also and not only to owners and share-holders. About the replacement of machinery it should be remembered that depreciation fund has been lying unspent throughout the war and post-war years. The industry should be able to bear this burden quite easily if the funds have not been misspent or locked up elsewhere. The control on the price of cloth has to continue till the industry proves its bonafides and assures the people and the Government that the unscrupulous section of the industry will not hold them to ransom, the moment the controls are lifted.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Consistency In Public Life

My attention has been drawn to your "Delhi letter by our own correspondent" published in the Sunday Chronicle of Feb. 26 by the Political and Research Department of the A.I.C.C. I was very much amused to read it. There are many things about which much can be said, but I will confine myself to one only which in a way reflects on the consistency in my public life. Your correspondent has tried to prove that I am holding quite contradictory views simultaneously and trying to play a role which baffles and confuses the common man.

He writes "Mr. Shankarrao Deo, for example, is party to the constitution which confers a great deal of power and authority on the centre. He is also a party to plan which will reduce centre to a mere symbol. As a member of the Parliament, he endorsed the Prime Minister's statement welcoming foreign capital. As as signatory to the Sarvodaya Plan, he wants to liquidate foreign assets". Of course, I am the Convener of the Planning Sub-Committee of the Congress appointed by the Working Committee in its last sitting.

How to reconcile these things which are apparently contradictory? But it is not so difficult as your correspondent cleverly makes it appear. This may perhaps baffle a little the man in the street at present, but not so your correspondent who is expected to know of politics and more than its a, b, c, and who must be able to evaluate men's opinions and actions in the setting of special conditions in which our country finds itself today.

I have signed the Constitution of the country with a clear conscience. My signing it does not necessarily mean that I agree or accept every thing that it contains; on the contrary in my speech in the Constituent Assembly, I have made it quite clear that there are some important matters in the Constitution which I do not like and there are certain other things as important which are lacking. Yet I look upon it as a noble product of the collective efforts of the nation and is of the opinion that it must command the loyalty of every Indian. Besides one must not forget that the Constitution of a country embodies its achievements of the revolution and it is not a political programme to be attained. The Congress, before it achieved freedom, was a united-front composed of various political groups and ideologies. The common uniting point among them was political freedom.

Your correspondent I am afraid betrays ignorance about the rules and practices of parliamentary work. There is no question of my endorsing the Prime Minister's statement welcoming foreign capital or any other statement. For when such statements are made by the Ministers, it does not necessarily mean that they are endorsed by the members.

I am not only signatory to the Sarvodaya Plan but also a member of its Planning Committee. And there is nothing unnatural in it. For, from the beginning of my public life, i.e., since 1919, I have been a humble follower of Mahatma Gandhi and have tried to serve him and the nation through Congress. And the whole world knows, Gandhiji made the Congress his instrument to serve India and tried to further the cause of peace and goodwill through non-violence which was so dear to him by influencing it. Therefore it was in the fitness of things that the constructive workers' conference in Wardha charged the Committee, which it appointed to implement its plan, with the task of making the Congress accept it. For the constructive workers have, by and large, accepted the Congress as their political organisation. As a member of the Committee I am expected to work for the acceptance of the Sarvodaya Plan by the Congress.

Thus my membership of the Congress Planning Sub-Committee can be object of legitimate hope for the constructive workers. And as Congress is constituted today, there is nothing inconsistent or contradictory in my being in it or on its Committees, with the men of other political views and ideologies. As said above, Congress was so long a national organisation; from a national organisation to a political party is a process, which, slow or swift, will require some time to complete. In the meanwhile association or co-operation of different schools of thought under its auspices is unavoidable, nay inevitable, if the proces is to be democratic. The only safeguard being they must not be mutually destructive of each other. And every body knows that some of us in the Congress are trying our utmost to guard against this evil.

This will show what I am; and what I am doing is not so bad as your correspondent thinks.

—SHANKARRAO DEO.

"Thought For The Day"

In your issue of 23rd February, you publish a "Thought for the Day" as usual and attribute it to Swami Vivekananda. I am afraid that such attribution is a mistake. The passage in question is a literal English translation of the 83rd stanza of Niti Shataka of Bhartruhari. The Swamiji might have quoted it in his speeches, but surely the saying should not be attributed to him, as in fact it is not so in view of the reference I have made.

—R. R. RAO.

"The English Muddle"

Without waiting for the decision of the Constituent Assembly regarding the place of English in the official language of the Union, The Government of Bombay took a hasty step in asking the Director of Public Instruction to issue a Circular No. S-68|186-C dated 4th March, 1948, to the Heads of all secondary schools to abolish English from Std. I of secondary schools with effect from June, 1948.

With similar haste, the Director of Public Instruction issued a Circular No. 150 178-II-C dated 6th March, 1950 under orders from Government to commence the Academic year from 1st March, 1948, although the said Circular was not despatched in good time. Those schools which could commence the academic year in March 1948, taught English in St. I for two months, namely March and April—and had to discontinue it from June, 1948. Government admits the importance of English as it is the language of international intercourse. It advises to study English as much as possible. This open admission of the importance of English and side by side the abolition of English in the lower three standards of secondary schools are things which cannot go hand in hand. It will be agreed that English has also an inter-provincial importance so long as Hindi has not taken its place.

The adverse effects of the abolition of English secondary schools within one year, forced Government to appoint the Bhise Committee to go into the administrative problems arising from the abolition of English in the lower three standards of secondary schools. Even before the copies of the Bhise Committee's Report were made available to the public, the Government has with equal haste issued a Press Note No. 2690 dated 27-12-49 announcing their decision about the continuance of the teaching of English as an optical subject in Standard III (now called Std. VII) of the secondary schools. Copies of the G.R. E.D. No. 7900 dated 22-12-1949 on the same subject have been recently received from the Department by the Heads of Secondary Schools. From the G.R. it appears that the Provincial Education Council which advised Government to abolish English in the lower three standards of secondary schools, have now changed their mind and advised Government to re-introduce English in Std. VII if not in Std. V or VI (i.e. Stds. I and II).

It seems that Government does not realise how the administration of secondary schools is upset on account of the vacilating policy of Government Education Department which changes its decisions and orders every now and then. Government has so far never attempted to co-relate the curriculum of primary, secondary and higher education and the result is, that the whole fabric of education in general and secondary education in particular is thrown out of gear. Government would therefore, be well advised to take their decisions after mature consideration in consultation with the heads of schools who are directly responsible and are concerned with the carrying out of Government's decisions. Government is also requested to determine the standard of English expected from candidates appearing at the S. S. C. Examination in the light of their decision to abolish English in the lower two standards and continuance of the teaching of English as an optional subject in Std. VII from March, 1950.

I do agree that English should not be given the same importance in the curriculum of the lower three standards of secondary stage, as in the past, but as English is going to be the official language of the Union for 15 years more, it must be taught right from the beginning of the secondary stage namely Std. V (old Std. I).

— G. V. GADGIL.
Secretary, Gokhale Education Society.

PLAGUE VIRULENT IN JUBBULPORE

Untimely Rain Helps Epidemic

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, (By Mail).

Jubbulpore is still in the grip of plague. There have been 140 cases of seizure and six deaths from plague in the last week of February last. The city has registered 587 cases of attack and 46 deaths from plague upto February 28 in the city since the outbreak of the epidemic in this area. The cloudy weather and untimely rains have given an impetus to the disease to spread its roots in the city.

RED ON PAROLE

Shri Bhag Chand Jain, a Communist of Jubbulpore, who has been detained in the Nagpur Central Jail for the last 18 months, was released on parole and brought down to Jubbulpore to see his sister-in-law, who has been attacked by the plague. Shri Jain has been served with a fresh order of detention under the new Act which has been enacted by the Indian Parliament.

Death has occurred at Jubbulpore of Shri Jamuna Prasad Agrawal, a young pleader, who was attacked by plague and succumbed to it within 24 hours of the attack. The members of the local Bar mourned his death and passed a condolence resolution.

Shri Ajay Singh Chowhan, son of Thakur Lakshman Singh and the late Shrimati Subhadra Kumari Chowhan, who was arrested the detained under the Public Safety Act on the charge of being a Communist, has been brought to the Jubbulpore jail from the Central Jail, Nagpur, to enable him to appear in M.A. and LL.B examinations. It is believed in the informed circles that Shri Chowhan would be released on parole on the eve of the examinations.

FOUR KILLED IN HOLI CLASHES

LUCKNOW, March 4 (PTI): Four persons were killed and sixteen injured in holiday disturbances at Moradabad today, according to reports reaching here.

It is stated that clashes occurred when a Holi procession was stopped in a sector of the city. Some persons were stabbed. Similar incidents were also reported from Bareilly and Pilibhit. A 44-hour curfew has been imposed in Bareilly following disturbances. In Bareilly thirteen shops were looted and two houses burnt.

BURMA WEAKEST LINK IN DEMOCRATIC CAMP

Mr. MacDonald's Impressions

SINGAPORE, March 5, (PTI-Reuter).

THE people of South-East Asia must have immediate and effective economic aid and guidance in political aspirations from outside if the democracies want to include them in their anti-Communist campaign, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner General for South-East Asia, said today.

He was speaking on the current political situation at a public meeting at Johore Bahru, headquarters of the United Malays National Organisation.

Mr. MacDonald described the expression of political freedom in self-government and economic uplift as two causes which have claimed the passionate allegiance of political leaders and politically conscious peoples in South-East Asia since the war.

RED STRATEGY

He declared that the majority of the peoples of South-East Asia were, because of their religions and ways of living, not attracted by the teachings of Communism.

"The Communists know this", he said.

"Their present strategy and tactics are to exploit fully the political aspirations and economic weakness of South-East Asians in their attempt to bring their countries under domination".

Reviewing the position in South-East Asia Mr. MacDonald described Burma as the weakest link in the democratic camp, and Malaya as "well out of reach of the powerful Communist bunch".

Siam, was powerfully opposed to Communism and declaring more openly denunciation of the Reds and allegiance to democratic nations.

Indo-China was the likeliest spot for Communists to launch their attack, and he warned that if it fell the cause of democracy would be lost to Communism in South-East Asia. Democratic nations must hope for victory for Bao Dai.

ECONOMIC MISSION

SAIGON: The United States Economic Mission which is preparing the ground for Economic Co-operation Administration grants to South-East Asia will arrive in Saigon from Hong Kong tomorrow.

Headed by Mr. Allan Griffin, California newspaper publisher, the Mission will remain here 10 days studying the grant of credits by the Import-Export Bank and the need for economic and technical aid grants to Viet Nam. It will cable its recommendations to the State Department.

PLEA TO LIFT RESTRICTIONS ON GERMAN INDUSTRY

BONN, March 3. (PTI-Reuter): Herr Anton storch, West German Minister of Labour, today demanded lifting of Allied restrictions on German industry.

He told a press conference "our industrial basis is too small, and we must therefore ask the Allies to lift these restrictions as much as possible.

"West Germany already reached in January the permitted rate of steel production, namely 11,100,000 tons yearly. If we want to carry out our employment programme we must have 12,500,000 tons, and after Marshall aid has ended we shall need 14,500,000 tons of steel yearly".

Stop Press

FRENCH AGREEMENT WITH SAAR

Mines On Lease For 50 Years

PARIS, March 4, (PTI-Reuter): The French Government and the Government of the Saar—German territory between France and West Germany—signed five conventions yesterday.

France secured the right to exploit under lease the Saar coalmines for 50 years subject to a German Peace Treaty. Ultimate ownership of the Saar mines will only be decided in a final peace settlement. These were the most important provisions of the five conventions.

Under these agreements France, still in military occupation of the Saar, gives the Saar the right of self-government subject to French control on three points: 'maintenance of economic union with France, foreign relations and security of the State.

Authoritative sources said both the American and British Governments had told the French Government in writing they would support France in her demand to write Saar autonomy into the peace treaty.

STRIKE WAVE IN FRANCE

PARIS, March 4 (PTI-Reuter): Communist-led dockers stopped work in a 24-hour warning strike today in nearly every French and Algerian port.

Cherbourg, centre of the pro-Communist General Confederation of Labour, was totally paralysed.

Between 350,000 and 400,000 workers were already on strike throughout the country for higher wages with threats of worse to come.

Several million Parisians will probably have to walk to work on Monday.

A strike of the capital's omnibus and underground workers seemed inevitable.

The Paris Transport Union's Executive Committee, meeting tomorrow night for a final decision, was expected to time a walkout for Monday morning.

TITO REJECTS BULGARIAN NOTE

BELGRADE, March 3. (PTI-Reuter): Marshal Tito's Government today rejected a Bulgarian note of February 27 protesting against the alleged murder on Bulgarian territory of two Bulgarian soldiers by Yugoslav frontier guards two days earlier.

The note, delivered to the Bulgarian Embassy here, described charges against Yugoslavia as "slanderous" and "completely imaginary".

Investigations had proved that not one of the Yugoslav soldiers on duty at the time the incident was supposed to have crossed into Bulgarian territory or fired a single shot, the note said. "The Bulgarian Government is artificially creating an atmosphere of tension and frontier provocations to justify its hostile policy towards Yugoslavia", the note declared.

Pakistan Official Visits W. Bengal District

CALCUTTA, March 5, (UPI):—Mr. Abdulla Mohammad, Deputy High Commissioner for Pakistan in India accompanied by Mr. S. Doha, D.I.G. East Bengal Police, today visited Telinipara in Hoogly district where a clash between rival groups of workers was reported on Friday. The District Magistrate of Hoogly took them round the area.

The situation there is now reported to be quiet and curfew order is still in force. A large number of arrests have been made for violation of the curfew order in Chinsirah yesterday.

"Anti-Pakistan Day

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, March 5: The local Hindu Mahasabha has appealed to the people to observe today as "Anti-Pakistan Day" and join its black-flag processions.

Some people, described as communal elements, were seen instigating crowds today in some parts of the city, while the police were noticed trying to maintain peace.

Two groups yesterday came to a mild clash here in connection with throwing of coloured water, associated with the celebration of Holi. This led to the detention of five, but this in no way was communal.

Memorising Wedding Service

PHILADELPHIA: Joe Navickas, 26, who has been deaf since he was five is studying lip-reading day and night to make sure that he will not miss a spoken word on next May 13.

On that day he will marry Helen Juskexicius and,, he says, he is determined not to miss a word of the wedding vows.

Joe is a member of a class of nine attending a newly organised hearing centre at the University of Pennsylvania Hospital. The centre, first of its kind in America,, was established in co-operation with the state bureau of vocational rehabilitation.

Its principal goal is to instruct men and women from 16 to 65 who have hearing defects that interfere with [illegible] (PTI-Reuter).

INSECT BREEDING STATION AT POONA

Khanolkar Performs Opening Ceremony

POONA, March 5 (PTI): Dr. V. R Khanolkar, Director of the Tata Memorial Cancer Hospital in Bombay, today, declared open here the B. K. Rajderkar Insect Breeding Station started by the Maharashtra Association for the Cultivation of Science. Dr. M.R. Jayakar, Vice-Chancellor of the Poona University presided over the function.

Ten thousand common house-type flies are to breed every day at the station for a genetical and harmonal study.

Dr. Khanolkar said that the value of experimentation on insects lay in the fact that they bred rapidly and it was possible within a short space of time to collect a large amount of scientific information. He hoped that the work undertaken at the station would provide a better insight into insect life.

Speaking later on "art and science of healing," Dr. Khanolkar said that 80 per cent of the human ailments were only transitory and required but suitable conditions and time for their healing. The role of the doctor on such cases was to give the patient comfort which he badly needs. Of the remaining 20 per cent only a few required the scientific application of medical knowledge for their treatment, he said.

IRRIGATION WORKS IN HYDERABAD

50,000 Acres Under The Plough

HYDERABAD (Dn.), March 6 (PTI): The Hyderabad Government has taken up eight minor irrigation projects spread over Mahbubnagar, Bhir, Osmanabad and Warangal Districts, and designed to irrigate over 50,000 acres by 1952. The projects will help Government's "grow more food" campaign, an official spokesman said today.

One of these projects contemplates the construction of a reservoir on the the Musi River at Solipet in the Suryapet Taluk of the Telangana District of Nalgonda. This project, which is estimated to cost 90 lakhs of rupees and bring in an annual revenue of Rs. 4,19,000. will irrigate 35,550 acres principally suited for rice cultivation in Nalgonda District, often stated to suffer from scarcity.

At present, the only two large reservoirs constructed on the Musi River are Osmansagar and Himayatsaga, 14 miles away from Hyderabad City, forming the main source of water supply for Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities.

Nawab Zain Yar Jung, Minister for Public Works, who recently visited the site of the Solipet project, also inspected the Tekmatla bridge which was blown up by the Hyderabad Army during the "police action" in September, 1948. Three of its arches are being rapidly constructed.

MADRAS IRRIGATION PROGRAMME

About 400 Schemes Under Consideration

MADRAS, March 5 (PTI): Mr. M. Bhakthavatsalam, Public Works Minister, in a broadcast talk said that the Madras Government had drawn up a short term irrigation programme consisting of about three to four hundred small schemes spread over the whole State costing in all about Rs. 6 to 7 crores.

In selecting schemes under this programme, he said, special weightage was being given to areas neglected in the past and liable to frequent famines.

The Public Works Minister was speaking on progress of irrigation projects in the State.

The Minister said so far one hundred and eighty-four schemes had been sanctioned at an aggregated cost of Rs. 243 lakhs. "Investigation is proceeding on another 200 small schemes of this kind and we are sanctioning them at the rate of five or six at each of the fortnightly meetings of the Cabinet sub-Committee on Food Production," he added.

When their short term programme was completed in another two or three years, the Minister added, they would have brought under irrigation about a quarter of a million acres of barren land.

DISCONTINUE USE OF ENGLISH

Plea At Rashtrabasha Prachar Sabha Meeting

BARODA, March 5, (PTI): Mr. Jatalal Joshi, Secretary, Gujerat Rashtrabasha Prachar Sabha, distributed prizes and diplomas this evening to successful students in the examinations held by the Sabha.

Speaking on the occasion, Mr. Joshi deplored the decision of the Government to retain the English language for another 15 years. It was upto the people now, he added, to take a solemn vow to get rid of this "last vestige of foreign rule" by using only the regional language and the rashtrabasha on all occasions.

RED TACTICS IN FRENCH ASSEMBLY

PARIS, March 4 (PTI-Reuter): Communist deputies, 100 of whom were expelled from the French National Assembly by Republican guards last night, continued their obstructive tactics when the session resumed at 2 G.M.T. (7-30 I.S.T.) today.

The scenes of wild disorder last night and today's obstruction were prompted by Communist opposition to this Anti-Sabotage Bill which the Chamber was discussing. The measure is aimed at checking the Communist campaign against the Indo-China war.

FOOD ASSISTANCE TO MADRAS

Centre's Assurance

MADRAS, March 4, (PTI): Mr. J. L. P. Roche Victoria, Food Minister, Madras, said in the Assembly today that the Director-General of Food had assured the State Government that the Central Government would give additional food assistance to the extent necessary for maintaining the present per capita rationing of twelve ounces.

The Minister, who was replying to a question, estimated the overall food deficit of the State for the year at 8,00,000 tons following the cyclone havoc and failure of rains.

He said the Government of India had allotted provisionally 3,00,000 tons to Madras and were also considering the question of increasing this allotment.

HELP TO RAILMEN'S UNIONS

Ministry's Policy, Says Santhanam

BANARAS, March 4, (PTI): Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Railways told a meeting of railway workers at Moghalsarai last night that the policy of Railway Ministry towards Railway workers' unions was to recognise, help and support all such unions which had support of workers and conducted their affairs in a constitutional manner.

"If the Railway workers want to set up any particular type of union", said Mr. Santhanam, "we have no right to say that they cannot do so. For us it is Railway worker that is sacred and not any particular leader or party".

Mr. Santhanam apealed to the Railway workers to work to the best of their capacity and render best possible service to the people.

Mr. Santhanam performed the opening ceremony of Railwaymen's Co-operative Society at Moghalsarai.

TAKE STRONG VIEW OF E. BENGAL EVENTS

Jubbulpore Muslims Plea To Delhi

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, March 6.

Grave concern is being felt here over the tragic happenings which are taking place in East Bengal. The Muslims of Jubbulpore, in a statement have expressed their horror over the atrocities which are being perpetrated in East Bengal on the Hindus by the Muslim fanatics, and appealed to the Government of India to take immediate strong and effective measures to prevent the recrudence of these inhuman atrocities in East Bengal as they are against the teachings of Islam.

The Jubbulpore Muslims have reaffirmed their loyalty to the Government and declared to stand by it in maintaining peace and order.

Shri Gulab Chand Gupta, a veteran public worker of Jubbulpore has, however, put the loyalty and sincerity of the Indian Muslims to a test. He has advised them to proceed in jatthas to East Bengal on a peaceful mission in the foot-steps of Mahatma Gandhi and work among their co-religionists with a view to change their heart and stay there as long as they have not succeeded in forcing the Government of East Pakistan to give equitable treatment to the minorities there.

Shri Gupta is confident that of the Indian Muslims took this course they would succeed to a great extent in restoring peace and order in East Bengal and in winning the appreciation of one and all in India.

MAYOR'S APPEAL TO CITIZENS

Charity Cricket Match At Stadium On March 10

Shri S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, has issued the following appeal, in connection with the Charity Cricket Match to be played between the Governor's XI and the Commonwealth XI:—

"The Commonwealth XI wil be playing a Cricket match with the Bombay Governor's XI on March 10, 11, and 12 at the Brabourne Stadium. The proceeds of this match will be entirely devoted to 'Provincial Charities'."

"We all should be keen to watch this match, particularly when our players have enhanced the prestige of Indian Cricket by winning the Rubber. Besides, our sporting Governor will be captaining the Home Team, and this will be the last match to be played by the visiting team, who will present a very strong combination. Since the proceeds will be devoted to Charities, I appeal to the citizens of Bombay in general, and the lovers of sport in particular to come forward and do their bit in raising the fund by purchasing tickets. I am hopeful of seeing the Brabourne Stadium packed to capacity".

Giving evidence at Billericay, Essex, a 30 year-old woman alleged that a joking incident at a hostel took a serious turn so that people had to come to her rescue.

The woman, Lilian Alice Cooper, of Plaistow, was a witness when John Henry Stevens, living at a hostel at Langdon Hills, was remanded on a charge of improper assault.

Mr. A. Russell, prosecuting, stated that Miss Cooper, while employed recently at the hostel canteen, had her shoes taken off for a joke. Then Stevens and another man carried her off to a hut.

Midnapore Muslims Condemn E. Bengal Atrocities

FALSE RUMOURS SPREAD BY RADIO PAKISTAN

KHARAGPORE, March 4 (UPI)

EXPRESSING condemnation of the recent communal happenings in Bengal, a number of prominent Muslims of Midnapore District, West Bengal, have issued the following statement:—

"We on behalf of the Muslim inhabitants of Midnapore District, West Bengal strongly condemn the recent communal happenings that have tarnished the fair name of both Bengals. We in Midnapore are living in peace and amity, and have been given full protection by the district officials, as well as by the police.

Our Hindu brethren have also assured us their full support and protection. It is regretted that Radio Pakistan has been spreading false rumours about us. We like to make it clear to Pakistan that the best way to serve our cause or for the matter of that, the cause of the minority in India is by maintaining peace with its own borders. We also take this opportunity to appeal to the Prime Minister of Pakistan to strengthen the hand of our Prime Minister in the cause of maintaining perfect peace by immediately undertaking a joint tour of both the Bengals which will greatly help in allaying rumours and false propaganda."

The signatories to the statement are: Mohammad Mumtaz, Fazal Karim, Yasin Baig, Abdur Rahaman, Sk. Mahboob.

Copies of the statement have been wired to the Prime Minister of India and the Congress President.

MUSLIM LEADER'S APPEAL TO PAKISTAN

AHMEDABAD, March 4, (PTI): Syed Mustafa Hussein Kadri, Vice-President of the Ahmedabad Municipality in a statement today appealed to the people of Pakistan "to live and let live the minority communities in peace and amity" without worrying over the minority communities in India who he said "are living in peace".

"We have full faith in the ideal of the Indian Republic, which is a secular state in which all communities are treated alike", the statement added.

A STRANGE CLAIM

Two Widows Mourn Colonel's Death

Two women, one of them a Briton who served on General Eisenhower's staff, stood in tears only a few feet apart today while the body of Colonel William T. Babcock was lowered into a grave in Arlington National Cemetery, burial place of American military men.

No word of sign of recognition passed between the two women who both claimed Babcock as their husband—Mrs. Florence M. Babcock, an attractive Yorkshireborn brunette in her early 30's, and Mrs. Mary M. Babcock, of New London, Connecticut.

FLAG FOR BRITON

Each appeared isolated in her own grief while services were conducted in the chapel at Fort Meyer, Virginia, across the Potomac River from Washington.

At the graveside afterwards, the United States Army appeared to put at least a tentative seal of approval on the claim of the English widow, for the flag that draped the coffin was handed over to the Army captain who, with a naval lieutenant, acted as her escort. Traditionally the flag goes to the widow.

Colonel Babcock died of a heart attack last Monday in Berlin, where he was deputy U.S. Commissioner.

The strange outcome of his death developed when his body arrived by air from Berlin. His British widow accompanied the body, while the American claimant met the plane at Washington airport and showed reporters a letter signed "Dad." It was written last month, she claimed to one of her two married daughters. It said in part: "It is true that I am not divorced and not remarried."

"I am the real Mrs. Babcock," said the American woman. "He has been married to me for nearly 34 years."

The British widow, formerly Miss Jean Allendale, declared: "I have a marriage licence, letters and the wedding ring which the ex-Mrs. Babcock returned to my husband".

She met Babcock in May, 1945, while both were on General Eisenhower's staff, she said, and they were married on Dec. 27 that year in Konigstein, Germany.

She had left her three-year-old son in Berlin.

People Not Happy Over Madhya Pradesh Budget

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, March 5: The budget of the Madhya Pradesh Government, in spite of showing a revenue surplus of Rs. 1,40,68,000 has failed to invoke any enthusiasm in the heart of the people. The axe, which has fallen on the young employees of the various departments and the retention of the four-figure salaried officials at the cost of the peons and clerks and officials of lower cadre, coupled with the callous waste of enormous funds in floating the unfruitful industrial enterprises by the State Government, has made the tax-payers pessimist.

M. Pignon, French High Commissioner in Indo-China has declared that an attack on Viet Nam by any outside Power "will be considered an attack on France herself".

It doesn't matter. A compromise will be found. There will be an attack on Viet Nam by and through the inside Power, the Viet Minh.

WRONG CONCEPT OF NATIONALISM

Golwalkar Decries India's Policy

NEW DELHI, March 5, (UPI):—The R.S.S. Chief, Mr. M. S. Golwalkar said here today that the present situation in East Bengal, which was miserable beyond words, was the creation of our own wrong concept of nationalism".

Mr. Golwalkar, who was addressing a RSS rally about ten miles from here said that the present leadership of the country out of fear of resentment by others was making the people forget themselves and their hoary past. "We are afraid to do anything in the capacity of Hindus, thinking as to what Muslims, Jews or Christians will say about it," he added.

"This has been the initial mistake in our thinking and has led us to a chain of blunders for which we are now paying heavily", he added. He felt that the factor most responsible for these appalling conditions in East Bengal was "the slogan of secularism based on a wrong concept of nationalism."

"The only way out of the present impasse is to give up the present worthless and false concept of nationalism and to revert to the truth of our nationalism being an ancient fact and Hindus being the national society of Bharat." he concluded.

IMPROVEMENT IN ALIGARH

Curfew Still In Force

ALIGARH, March 5 (PTI): There had been improvement in the communal situation in Aligarh since this morning, though stray cases of stabbing was reported in some localities. The curfew has not yet been lifted and the police are patrolling the main street and the affected area.

A number of persons have been arrested in connection with yesterday's incidents. The University and Civil Lines are reported to be quiet. An official statement today said that the "situation is now fully under control".

GOODWILL MISSION TO PAKISTAN

Proposal In Assam Assembly

GAUHATI, March 5 (PTI): A resolution suggesting the sending of a goodwill mission to Pakistan "with a view to bringing about a better, friendlier and happier relationship between the peoples of Assam and East Bengal" has been put down for discussion at the budget session of the Assam.

the budget session of the Assam Assembly commencing at Shillong from March 13.

The resolution standing in the name of Dr. Emran Hussain Choudhury says that this would avert a recurrence of communal riots or the threat of it.

MURDER OF AMERICAN MISSIONARY NURSE

Burman Arrested

RANGOON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): Police have arrested a Burman said to be implicated in the killing by kidnappers of an American missionary nurse, Miss Thelma Maxville, and 12 would-be rescuers, according to a report from Moulmein today.

Three Burmese villagers survived an ambush last month to tell how armed kidnappers shot Miss Maxville and the rescuers.

Today's report said the kidnappers were members of the underground Peoples Volunteer Organisation.

Miss Maxville ran a dispensary in Moulmein.

She was held for Rs. 20,000 ransom

Two policemen were murdered while trying to negotiate with the kidnappers.

BOOKS OF TODAY

(Continued from Page 4)

mic secrets, of Fleet Street hounds and Scotland Yard detectives, of corn-haired women and hard-headed hotel keepers, one finds that the pace is fast.

Top honours are carried away by young Mike Daryl. London journalist who has had to leave the Balkan States in a desperate hurry after having exposed some atomic planning and who has been detailed by the chief of his newspaper to investigate the disappearance of Professor Bennet Glebe. He is ably assisted in his sleuthing by his chief's pretty young daughter who almost steals the show and convinces Mike of the advantages a career woman could have over a home bird.

The story is a series of adventures culminating in the hair-breadth escape in which the Professor is wrested from the hands of his abductors, who are out for his secrets.

—P. O.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, March 5.

The Governor of Bombay received Shri S. P. Mishra and Prof. Amin.

Rani Maharaj Singh received Mr. and Mrs R. Mukerjee

Miss Stavrides came to lunch.

His Excellency and Rani Maharaj Singh attended the wedding reception of Princess Yeshoraiya Lakshmi at Darya Mahal, Nepean Sea Road.

Lt. and Mrs Maya Das have arrived.

MR. V. ISHWARAN

RAJKOT, March 5 (PTI) Mr. V Ishwaran, Chief Secretary of the State of Saurashtra is relinquishing his post on March 11 to take up new appointment as Chief Secretary of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union.

Mr. B. R. Patel, Chief Secretary, PEPSU Government will take over charge as Chief Secretary of Saurashtra.

BOMBAY STUDENTS UNION MEETING

Protest Against Leader's Arrest

BOMBAY, Sunday

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Students Union at a meeting held today expelled Narayan Kalelkar from the ranks of the Bombay Students Union for his consistent advocacy of betrayal of all militant struggles waged by the students of Bombay under the leadership of the B.S.U." and for other reasons.

The meeting condemned the arrest of Com. Shushila Madiman—Jt. Secretary of the B.S.U and the President of the All India Students Federation and demanded immediate and unconditional release of Com. Shushila.

By another resolution the meeting supported the petroleum workers strike.

RE-UNION WEEK IN JUBBULPORE

C-in-C To Visit

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, (By Mail).

The celebration of the Re-Union Week of the Corps of Signals commenced in Jubbulpore on March 3, and it will be concluded on March 10, with the closing address of Brigadier Akehurst, Signals Officer-in-Chief of the Corps. General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, India will arrive at Jubbulpore on March 8, and take the salute at the Ceremonial Parade to be held on March 9.

The C-in-C. will be introduced to about 200 pensioners of all ranks, including a former orderly to H.M. the King, 6 Members of the British Empire; 2 British Empire Medalists; 28 Indian Disunguished Service Medalists; 2 winners of the Indian Order of Merit; 23 Military Medalists and 19 O.B.I.'s.

The programme during the week will include Inter-Command competition in hockey, football, volley ball, basket ball and rifle and pistol shooting, in all of which teams from Army Head-Quarters and the Signal Training Centre, Jubbulpore, will take part.

A similar function of the Re-Union of the Corps of Signals was held in Jubbulpore in 1936

GENERAL STRIKE THREAT IN DENMARK

COPENHAGEN—Denmark is threatened with a general strike involving over half a million workers next month (March).

Most of these workers have already issued first strike notices. The Metal Workers' Union, affecting 80,000 workers, have issued final notices and have fixed the date of the strike for March 6.

It is generally expected, however, that if a wide-spread strike does develop, it will not be until after March 14, when the Danish municipal elections are due to be held.

The Danish labour conflict arises out of the failure of the Unions and Employers' Association to reach agreement on new wages and employment contracts to replace these new expiring.

The main demands of the workers are for higher wages and shorter working hours. The Unions want wages raised by an average of 25 oere (roughly 3d.) an hour and the working week reduced from 48 to 44 hours.

Employers claim that agreement to these claims would increase Danish industrial production costs to a level which would seriously affect Denmark's ability to compete on the export markets.

Efforts by the Conciliation Board of the Danish Government to intervene in an attempt to bring about agreement have so far failed. Both sides in the dispute have stressed their unwillingness to give way.

Labour expects here link the refusal of the Unions to give way with steadily increasing unemployment in Denmark

According to one Copenhagen newspaper survey, one in every six Danish workers is at present unemployed. Unemployment was almost unknown in Denmark in the years following the war, but, in the past 18 months the level has risen steadily. At the end of January, the figure was 113,000.

BOOKLET FORFEITED: The Government of West Bengal, under the Indian Press (Emergency) Act have declared forfeited all copies, wherever found of a Bengali book entitled "Dakshin Benglar Mafite Natun Talengana" purported to be issued by the Communist Party of India and all other documents containing copies, reprints or translations of, or extracts from the said booklet.

HOLKAR'S MAMMOTH SCORE AGAINST DELHI XI

A New Eighth Wicket Partnership Record

SARWATE SCORES 235 RUNS IN RANJI TROPHY SEMI-FINAL

DELHI, March 5.

Holkar amassed a mammoth score of 615 runs against Delhi and Districts in the semi-final of the Ranji Trophy Cricket Tournament. Sarwate scored 235 runs and along with R. P. Singh established an eighth-wicket partnership record for the Ranji Trophy. Delhi and Districts have scored 70 for the loss of 3 wickets in reply.

A brilliant double century by C. T. Sarwate and a record score of 236 runs in 201 minutes by the eighth-wicket Sarwate-Singh partnership were the outstanding features on the second day of the semi-final of the Ranji Trophy Cricket match between Holkar XI and the Delhi and District Cricket Association here today.

The Holkar XI concluded their first innings ten minutes before tea for 615. In reply Delhi made 70 runs for the loss of three wickets at the close of play.

The Holkar's overnight batsmen Sarwate (128) and R. P. Singh (21) added twenty runs in thirty minutes when the play was resumed this morning to send up the third century of the innings in 328 minutes. The pair established a new record for the eighth wicket partnership in Ranji-Trophy matches, lowering the previous record of 210 held by Vijay Merchant and Cooper for Bombay against Maharashtra in 1943.

Scoring at a fast rate Sarwate, who did the bulk of runs, and R. P. Singh, who was comparatively unostentatious in stroke making, added hundred more runs in an hour to raise the total to 400, at this stage Sarwate's score was 191 while that of Singh 78. The introduction of a new ball, ten runs later, marked the dissolution of the record partnership. R. P. Singh (88) made an half hearted stroke to be out for a return catch off Bishen Behari.

Sarwate greeted Gaekwad's arrival with a powerful drive to the rope off Hira Lal to register his second century which included 23 fours. At lunch Holkar had scored 437 runs for the loss of eight wickets, Sarwate batting 210 and Gaekwad batting 5.

Delhi Cricket Association in their first innings had made 70 runs for the loss of 3 wickets at the close of play today.

Delhi opened their first innings after tea with J. N. Seth and Bawa Jaswant Singh to the bowling of Gaekwad and Jagdale. The start was disastrous as they lost their three wickets in quick succession. Seth was held in covers by Kunzru of Gaekwad's fourth ball (8-1-8) and in the next ball Ram was adjudged lbw (8-2-0). Next to go was Bawa Jaswant Singh (17) who in an attempt to connect an inswinger from Jagdale to the square leg boundary threw out his wicket (8-3-17).

Bishen Behari and Lakshmi Chand in their fourth wicket partnership improved the position by playing a cautious game. In spite of frequent changes on the attack the partnership remained unbroken for 70 run at the close of play, Bishen Behari batting 26 and Lakshmi Chand batting 17.

SCORE BOARD

HOLKAR XI (First Innings)

Nivasarkar c Kishenchand b Gian Kapoor	3
G.N. Kunzru c Jaswant Singh b Hiralal	0
Mushtaq Ali lbw Gian Kapoor	19
C.T. Sarwate c Kishenchand b Hargopal	235
C.S. Nayudu b Gian Kapoor	69
C.K. Nayudu lbw Gian Kapoor	18
N.M. Jagdale b Gian Kopoor	0
Bhaya b Gian Kapoor	2
Rameshwar Atap Singh c and b Bishan Behari	88
Gaekwad b Hira Lal	88
Salim Khan not out	68
Extras	25
Total	615

Fall of wickets, 1|1, 2|22, 3|29, 4|126, 5|175, 6|175, 7|181, 8|417, 9|481, 10|615.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gian Kapoor	44	10	131	6
Hira Lal	35.3	5	97	2
Har Gopal Singh	28	2	96	1
Bishan Behari	12	3	35	1
Lakshmi Chand	22	1	84	0
Maharaj Kishan	10	1	52	0
Kishenchand	13	2	36	0
J. N. Seth	3	0	22	0
Darshan Sawroop	3	0	23	0
Tulja Ram	1	0	14	0

DELHI AND DISTRICT CRICKET ASSOCIATION (1st Innings)

J. N. Seth c Kunzru b Gaekwad	8
Bawa Jaswant Singh b Jagdale	14
Ulja Ram l.b.w. Gaekwad	0
Bishan Behari batting	26
G. Lakshmichand batting	17
Extras	5
Total (for 3 wickets)	70

Fall of wickets: 1 for 8; 2 for 8; 3 for 24.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gaekwad	8	1	36	2
Jagdale	5	1	11	1
C. S. Nayudu	5	2	10	0
Sarwate	2	0	8	8
C. K. Nayudu	1	1	0	0

CEYLON AGREES TO FOREIGN TOUR

COLOMBO, March 5 (PTI): Ceylon has agreed to a fortnight's tour of the Island of the next Commonwealth Cricket team which is expected to arrive in India in October 1950.

The decision was taken at a joint conference of the officials of India and Ceylon Cricket Control Boards held here yesterday.

RAIN AGAIN WASHES OUT PLAY ON SECOND DAY

Commonwealth Team Bat For An Hour And Score 129 For 7

COLOMBO, March 5 (P.T.I.).

Only one hour's play was possible today, the second day of the three days allotted to the Commonwealth versus Combined India-Pakistan-Ceylon team match here. In that time, the visitors lost five more wickets for 45 runs 25 of which were scored by Frank Worrell and so had 129 on the board with seven wickets down when play ended for the day.

Overnight rain had delayed the start for an hour and when play was resumed Mankad and Phadkar bowled unchanged until lunch taking three and two wickets respectively.

Mankad opened the attack with a maiden but Phadkar had Holt caught in his opening over this morning.

Spinning cleverly, Mankad took three wickets in quick succession and when Freer and Smith appeared to have survived an awkward period, Smith hooked Phadkar into Sathasivam's hands at square leg off what proved to be the last ball of the day's play.

Overnight rain delayed the resumption today by an hour and then Mankad opened the bowling with a maiden against Worrell.

At the other end Phadkar claimed his third wicket when Holt mistimed a hook and gave Jayawickrema an easy skied catch. Five runs later Alley was out when Rodrigo ran ten yards to make a brilliant catch at square leg.

Joined by Livingston his captain, Worrell drove Phadkar and sent up the hundred when the innings had lasted 145 minutes. The same stroke gave him his fifty in 125 minutes. Mankad, however, took Livingston's leg stump with a full toss and so three wickets had fallen this morning for the addition of only 17 runs in half an hour.

Worse was to follow but not until Worrell had driven Mankad through the covers to register the first four of the day. He repeated the shot in Mankad's next over but three balls later mistimed a pull and was caught at midwicket. He had hit five fours in a stay of 140 minutes for his 64.

Mankad in his spell this morning had taken three wickets for 23 runs in seven overs two of which were maiden.

Off the last ball before lunch, Smith gave Phadkar his fourth success and the Commonwealth had reached 129 for seven by the interval.

A one hour long thundershower shortly before play was due to restart after lunch flooded the ground and made further play today impossible.

There was a fifteen minutes respite and then rain again began to fall.

Worrell after being beaten by both bowlers settled down to play correctly before mistiming a shot off Mankad whose figures today were ten overs two maidens 29 runs three wickets.

Phadkar took two wickets for 14 runs in nine point three overs one of which was a maiden.

Ten thousand people had to return home disappointed when thundershowers flooded the ground and made **further play today impossible.**

SCORE BOARD

COMMONWEALTH (1st Innings)

Norman Oldfield c Jayawikrema b Phadkar	5
Winston Place c Wijesinghe b Phadkar	1
John Holt c Jayawickrema b Phadkar	34
Frank Worrell c Wijesinghe b Mankad	64
Bill Alley c Rodrigo b Mankad	3
Jock Livingston b Mankad	1
Fred Freer not out	9
Ray Smith c Sathasivam b Phadkar	5
Extras	7
Total (for 7 wickets)	129

Fall of wickets: 1 for 7; 2 for 8; 3 for 85; 4 for 90; 5 for 101; 6 for 118 and 7 for 129.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Manawarali	5	1	10	0
Wijesinghe	6	2	19	0
Mankad	18	4	46	3
Jayawikreme	5	0	17	0

In the Day's Sport

BILLIARDS

Islam Gymkhana:
6 p.m. Table No. 1. M. P. Sethna vs. H. M. Vakil.
6 p.m Table No. 2. V. K. Nasta vs G. L. Ghaswalla.

HOCKEY

Cooperage:
5-40 p.m. Young Sports vs. Combined Railways (Invitation)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel:
4-10 p.m. Lever 'A' vs. St. Xaviers 'C' (Figueredo Cup)
5-15 p.m. B.B. & C.I. Rly. 'B' vs. G. B. Police 'A' (Lewis Cup)

ENGINEERING DEPT. WIN COMFORTABLY

B. P. T. Inter-Department Shield Cricket

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Continuing their semi-final match against Chief Accounts Department, in the Bombay Port Trust Inter-Department Cricket Tournament for Dhanjibhoy Shield, Chief Engineering Department scored an easy victory over their rivals and won the match by 7 wickets.

Resuming their innings with overnight score of 29 runs for no loss Engineering Department knocked off the required runs with loss of their 3 wickets and won the match very comfortably.

CHIEF ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT FIRST INNINGS 80

CHIEF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FIRST INNINGS

Patkar retired 9, Gawaskar lbw Phatharford 35, D'Mello c & b Phatharford 0, Marketkar not out 29, F. Fernandes not out 13, Rest did not bat, Extras 2, Total 88 for 3 wkts.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Kambli 7-1-20-0, Oza 2-1-12-0, Gavankar 5-0-25-0, Raikar 3-0-21-0, Phatharford 3-0-8-2.

AMARJIT SINGH'S BRILLIANT WIN

Swastik Cycling Club's Time Trial Race

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The second annual 25 Miles Time Trial cycle race for novices organised by the Swastik Cycling Club on Sunday morning round Marine Drive —Queens Road, attracted 8 entries. Amarjit Singh of the organising Club ascertained supremacy from the fourth circuit and with smooth rhythmic pedalling overtook 3 riders who had started before him, at a minute's interval. All 7 riders completed the course. The results are as under.

Amarjit Singh 1. Oscar 2. Rusi Irani 3. M. Nissim 4.

Time: 1 hour 11 minutes 2 secs.

The second annual 'Round the Island' Massed start cycle race will be organised on Sunday 12th March starting from Mahim Bridge and going round Ghodbunder Hills, finishing point being at Sion.

The second annual cycling meet of the Club will be held on Saturday 18th March and Tuesday 21st March at Brabourne Stadium starting at 1-30 p. m. each day. Lt. Col. J. D. Kothawala will give away the prizes to the winner. Entries close on 7th March.

The following are the list of events for the second annual meet:—

Senior—Men:- 1000 M. sprint. 1000 M. Time Trial. 4000 M. Individual Pursuit. 10000 M. Scratch. 4000 M. Team Pursuit.

Senior—Women: 500 M. Scratch. 1000 M. Time Trial.

Intermediate: 3000 M. Scratch. Devil take the hindmost.

Novices: 500 M. Scratch. 2000 M. Point to pt.

BOYS UNDER 16: 500 M. Scratch. 2000 M. Point to pt.

GIRLS UNDER 16: 500 M. Scratch.

MEN OVER 45: 800 M. Scratch.

BOYS UNDER 10: 100 M. Scratch.

Century By S. L. Shroff In Pastakia Tournament

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In the Pastakia Cricket Tournament, Wellington Cricket Club was playing Kerawalla Windsor Cricket Club at Azad Maidan.

At the end of day's play Wellington C.C. had scored 405 runs for 8 wickets. For this huge total they were indebted to S. L. Shroff 136, H. D. Karkhana 50, F. P. Gangoli 52. The match will be continued on the following Sunday.

Wellington C.C.: 405 for 8 wkts.

S. L. Shroff 136, F. P. Gangoli 52, H. D. Karkhana 50; H. N. Daruwalla 3 for 62, D. R. Sethna 3 for 97).

WEEK-END CRICKET

Unbeaten Century By Shetty

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The following are the results of the friendly matches that were played today.

Shining Stars Cricket Club beat Warden Insurance Sports Club by 3 wkts. and 139 runs at Cross Maidan.

Warden Insurance S.C.: 102 for 10 wkts. (S. S. Thamani not out 37, M. S Rane 16; Deherkar 2 for 11). Shining Stars C.C.: (H. D. Hansraj 39, R. G. Shetty retired 100, B. Patkar 32; Thamani 5 for 49, B. Adam 2 for 27).

Caltex (India) Ltd. Sports Club beat United Cricketers by 71 runs at Cross Maidan.

Caltex (India) Ltd. S.C.: 147 for 10 wkts. Mahomed not out 32, D. T. Suvarna 28, J. Andrews 24; S. G. Dalvi 3 for 12, S. B. Kadam 2 for 26, V. Talsilkar 2 for 7 runs). United Cricketers: 76 for 10 wkts. (S. J. Dalvi 26; Dick Barber 5 for 36, T. Forage 4 for 28).

Youth Cricket Club beat Thanawala XI by 22 runs at Cross Maidan.

Thanawala XI: 126 for 10 wkts. (K. C. Thanawala 24, Kapadia not out 33, Raje 4 for 24, Kirtikar 3 for 34 Shriyam 3 for 26). Youth C.C.: 148 for 10 Wkts. (Juvekar 52, Shriyam 31; D. Zaveri 4 for 48, Thanawala 2 for 7 runs).

Jawahar Cricket Club beat Rajswadi Cricket Club by 4 runs at Cross Maidan.

Rajawadi C.C.: 93 for 10 wkts. (Arya 23, Jayantilal 16; Dinkar 5 for 44, Thakkar 3 for 20). Jawahar C.C.: 97 for 10 wkts. (Mahendra Kumar 37, Mardia 26; Shantibhai 7 for 32).

American International Underwriters (India) Ltd. started their Sports Club and they had their first practice match among themselves, by dividing their players into two teams—one as Mr. Lawrence's XI and other as Mr. Shah's XI.

Lawrence's XI drew with Shah's XI at Cross Maidan.

Shah's XI: 115 for 4 wkts. (R. C. Puthran retired 37, Shean 24). Lawrence's XI 64 for 5 wkts. (M. S. Shah 25).

United Cricket Club beat Rajhuns Cricket Club by 2 wkts. and 63 runs at Azad Maidan.

Rajhans C.C.: 94 for 10 wkts. (Dharmathal 26, Pible (Jr.) 14; Merchant 4 for 33, Nasser 5 for 11). United C.C.: 157 for 8 wkts. (Nasser 66, R. Merchant 25; Gangoli 2 for 16, Pible 2 for 16).

John Bright Cricket Club beat Mandni Cricket Club by 31 runs at Azad Maidan.

Mandni C.C.: (Maneklal 54, V. M. Shah 34, Chandulal 30; Bhathena 4 for 28, Zack 2 for 16). John Bright C.C.: 144 for 10 wkts. (D. B. Zack 43, Engineer 22; D. K. Mehta 4 for 14, N. H. Dhulla 2 for 26).

Young Memons Associated Cricket Club beat Young Momins Cricket Club by 91 runs at Azad Maidan.

Young Momins C.C. 37 for 10 wkts. (Alimahomed 12; Habib Khan 4 for 9 runs, Yusuf 2 for 2 runs, Isaque 3 for 4 runs.) Young Memons Association C.C.: 128 for 10 wkts. (Hussein 59, Isaque 15; Kazi 8 for 47).

Saurashtra Cricket Club beat Young Mohemedans Cricket Club by 8 runs at Azad Maidan.

Young Mohemedans C.C.: 91 for 10 wkts. (Taufique Hussein 37, H. I. Patel 15; Kanubhai 5 for 29, Ravibhai 3 for 9 runs, Nandlal 2 for 7 runs). Saurashtra C.C.: 99 for 10 wkts. (Ravibhai 41, Asgarali 11; Sami 6 for 30, Taufique Hussein 4 for 42).

ZOROASTRIAN CUP CRICKET

Easy Victory For Esplanade Liberals

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Esplanade Liberal Cricket Club, playing their match in Zoroastrian Cup Cricket Tournament against Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club, scored an easy victory over their rivals by 5 wickets.

Getting their opponents—Young Zoroastrians out for 183 runs, Esplanade Liberal scored the required runs and in doing so they lost their 5 wickets.

Esplanade Liberal Cricket Club beat Young Zoroastrians Cricket Club by 5 wkts. and 5 runs. At Kennedy Seaface on Islam Gymkhana Ground.

Young Zoroastrians C.C.: 183 for 10 wkts. (G. Shroff 82, R. Screwwalla 40; R. Patel 4 for 53, B. Daruwalla 4 for 47, A. Captain 2 for 68). Esplanade Liberal C.C.: 188 for 5 wkts. (F. Peddar not out 62, N. Achhadwalla not out 56, S. Mody 29; M. Bagli 2 for 44. J. Unwalla 2 for 58, M. Rajkotwalla 1 for 59).

In the second match between Parsee Cyclist Sports Club and Navroze Cricket Club, the former batting first were all out for 179 runs. In reply to their rivals total of 179, Navroze Cricket Club scored 35 runs for 4 wickets when the play had to be stopped due to Holi disturbance at Azad Maidan at 3-40 p.m. The match will be continued on following Sunday.

Parsee Cyclist S.C.: 179 for 10 wkts. (D. Bhada not out 46, B. J. Gowadia 41; M. Khandadia 5 for 51; K. Cama 4 for 55). Navroze C.C.: 35 for 4 wkts. (J. Vaid batting 10; E. Billimoria 2 for 15).

MADRAS HOCKEY SIDE FOR PROVINCIAL

MADRAS, March 5 (PTI): The following will represent Madras in the Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament to be played at Bhopal from March 10, onwards:—

H. Scanlon (Captain), R. Francis, N. Rictor, A Panirselvam, Newman, Starr, P. Rangadoss, Susinathan, Christian, Sivaprakasam, and Jones.

Reserves: Velangani, Kenneth Regal and Garret.

SOLITARY TREBLE POOL TICKET FETCHES RS. 1,15,932-8-0

Montfort Pays Rs. 1,148

(BY OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Sunday.

SENSATIONAL surprises were in store for punter's to-day at Mahaluxmi when the extraday's meeting held in aid of National sports fund was decided. The last event of the day fell to rank outsider, Montfort who returned Rs. 1,148 on the win tote and Rs. 207 at the place windows. This event being the third leg of the daily pool a solitary ticket was left solved and it fetched Rs. 1,15,932-8-0 for a syndicate.

A couple of close finishes necessitated the aid of the camera and besides the objections but the programme behind the scheduled time.

Heavily supported Macdonald in the Jamnagar Plate came with a rattling run from the far rear and looked an easy winner passing the grand stands but over the critical end Chavan failed to give a helping hand to his mount and lost the race narrowly to Bihari. The manner in which Chavan handled the favourite was very much resented and the stewards also might have viewed it gravely as Chavan did not fulfil his engagements after the event.

The two objections raised during the proceedings were quite frivolous. On the first occasion in the New Delhi Plate, Pandu Khade, rider of second-placed Loyal Prince had no grievance against winned Army and Navy but he just made a stunt. The winner kept a straight course all the way in the home-stretch and the second objection raised against Queen Anne by the rider of Adeline had also no grounds and it was quickly overruled by the stewards.

The following are the results:

THE BURDWAN PLATE—5 Furs. Div. III

Mr. B. N. Sanas's NAGARPALIKA 8-9 Purtu S. 1
Messrs. M. R. Merchant & Mr. & Mrs. Sultan N. Dossa's TAKAIUL 8-9 Kheem S. 2
Sir Shantidas Askuran's ANASUYA 8-9 P. Khade 3
Mr. Hassamal Dalamal's Yuvaraj 8-12 Sk. Ahmed 4
Won by: 1-1/4, 1, 1-1/2 lengths. Time: 1 min. 3 secs. Not run— Kensington. Brackets: Pop, Kensington. Tote Paid: For win Rs. 39, Rs. 12, Rs. 14, Rs. 12 for places.

THE BURDWAN PLATE—5 Furs. Div. I

Lt. Col. J. P. L. Taylor's THE DUKE 8-12 Kheem S. 1
Mr. Gopaldas Udhavdas's SUNDRI 8-9 S. Chavan 2
Mr. J. R. Bhadani's GOLD SPA 8-12 P. Khade 3
Maharajadhiraj of Jammu and Kashmir's Blue Gleam 8-9 Purtu S. 4
Won by: 1-1/2, Nk. 2 lengths. Time 1 min. 2 secs. Not run: Musketeer, Piarehind. Brackets: Nil. Tote Paid: For Win Rs. 17, Rs. 11, Rs. 11, Rs. 11 for places.

THE JAMNAGAR PLATE—1 Mile

Mr. M. Shroff's BIHARI 7-13 P. Khade 1
Mr. M. R. Agarwal's MACDONALD 9-4 S. Chavan 2
Sir Shantidas Askuran's PELION 8-10 A. Ahmed 3
Maharaja of Gwalior's Indra Mohini 8-8 Kasbekar 4
Won by: Hd. 1-1/4, Shd. Time: 1 min. 42 1.5 secs. Not run: Star Saphire, Pick Money, New Era, Azad Hind, L. Doctor, Just Wait. Brackets: Nil. Tote paid: For Win Rs. 50, Rs. 15, Rs. 14, Rs. 21 for places.

THE NEW DELHI PLATE—1-1/4 Miles

Mr. J. C. Shah's ARMY AND NAVY 7-12 Shiba 1
Rao Saheb D. K. Parker's LOYAL PRINCE 8-2 P. Khade 2
Mr. A. H. Wadia's KABIR 8-5 Jagdish 3
Messrs. A. G. Rangilla & M. H. Alimahomed's Brilliant Sunshine 7-13 J. Bhosle 4
Won by: Sh. h. 5, 1-1/2 lengths. Time: 2 mins. 10 secs. Not run: Abdel, Ijjat, Ch. Begum. Brackets: Nil. Tote paid: For Win Rs. 151, Rs. 31, Rs. 20, Rs. 17 for places.

THE BURDWAN PLATE—5 Furs Div. II.

Mrs. N. E. D. Pandole & Mrs. J. N. Gazdar's REPAY 8-9 Duffy 1
Mr. & Mrs. F. D. Wadia's SHANDANA 8-9 P. Khade 2
Mrs. R. S. Tirodkar's GLAMOUR BOY 8-12 Kheem S. 3
Lt. Col. & Mrs. N. D. Gandhy's Triumph 8-12 N. Dar 4
Won by: 1-1/4, 3/4, 1-1/4 lengths. Time: 1 min. 3 4.5 secs. Not run: Bessemer, Bright Prince Bansiwale, Rafat, Diamond Cave, Char Minar. Bracket nil. Tote paid: For Win Rs. 40, Rs. 14, Rs. 17 Rs. 19 for places.

THE BHARATPUR PLATE—1 Mile 1 Fur.

Mr. G. Narasimhan & The Raja of Vizianagaram's QUEEN ANNE 8-10 Damodar 1
Mr. A. A. Suterwala's ADELINE 8-12 Shaikh 2
Mr. R. J. Gazdar's NEOLA 8-9 Kheemsingh 3
Mr. T. A. Husein's Prospero 8-0 R. Kadam 4
Won by: Shd. Shd., 1-1/2 lengths. Time: 1 min. 55 1.5 secs. Not run: Ayaaz, Nirvana. Bracket nil. Tote paid: For Win Rs. 151, Rs. 50, Rs. 61, Rs. 17 for places.

THE OLYMPIC PLATE—6 Furs Div. I

Mr. & Mrs. Justice's PRINCESS DOMINIC 7-8 Gauskhan 1
Maharaja of Gwalior's GWALIOR EXPRESS 8-9 Deshmukh 2
Mrs. M. C. Raja Sekhar & Mr. F. Ferrelly's MALABAR STAR 8-6 R. Bhosle 3
Mr. P. Aswani's Pessu Pasha 9-8 Sk. Ahmed 4
Won by: 2-1/4, 3-1/2 lengths, Shd. Time: 1 min. 15 1.5 secs. Not run: Past the Post, Revel On, Basilian, Cascade. Brackets: Pessu Pasha, Past the Post. Tote paid: For Win Rs. 23, Rs. 12, Rs. 19, Rs. 29 for places.

THE OLYMPIC PLATE—6 Furs. Div. II

Mrs. H McQuade's MONTFORT 7-12 Antoo 1
Mr. F. M. Potia's SOLAR SONG 8-7 P. Khade 2
Mr. M. Shroff's LILY 7-9 J. Bhosle 3
Maj. J. Steuart Gratton & Mr. G. P. Durrantt's Gipsy Lore 8-0 Mahomedalli 4
Not run: Kantaka, Pick Pocket, Mon Desir, Cool & Collected, La Contesse. Brackets: Romantic, Romantic Kiss Tote paid: For Win Rs. 1,148, Rs. 207, Rs. 13, Rs. 23 for places.

PAKISTAN CLAIMS A SHARE

In The Assets Of Board Of Control For Cricket In India

KARACHI, March 5 (PTI-Reuter)—The annual general meeting of the members of the Board of Control for Cricket in Pakistan, held here last evening appointed a five-man committee with Mr. Fida Husain as the convener, to select Pakistan test teams for the forthcoming Ceylonese tour in Pakistan. The meeting selected Mohammad Saeed to lead the Pakistan XI for the Lahore test of the series.

The meeting recommended to the working committee of the Board to send at least two promising Pakistani cricketers to the United Kingdom to be coached this Summer. It was also decided to make another attempt to seek affiliation to the Imperial Cricket Conference, London.

The working committee, in its annual report, said that they would endeavour to get at an early date Pakistan's share of the assets of the Board of Control for Cricket in India as they stood at the time of partition. The report also stated that it was proposed to take up with the India Board the question of Pakistan's share in the Ranji, Rohinton Baria and other trophies.

MAHARASHTRA BEATEN IN EXTRA TIME

Xavier's Out Of Invitation Hockey Tournament

BOMBAY, Sunday.

St. Xavier's College and Maharashtra were the first to make their exits this evening in the invitation Hockey Tournament which commenced at the Cooperage. St. Xavier's were beaten by a solitary goal by the Times of India, while Maharashtra suffered an odd goal in three defeat at the hands of Indian Naval Dockyard.

Maharashtra proved to be unlucky. They had more of the play and were a well knit side. But neither did luck favour them nor the brilliant goalkeeping of Gerry Borthwick, who was in irresistible form.

The nippy and young forwards of the Dockyard were active and when the opportunity was provided they made no mistake.

Maharashtra were the first to open the scoring account Pillay gave them the lead in the fourth minute of play with a clever angular shot which came as a surprise to Dockyard goalkeeper Borthwick, but in the tenth minute of 2nd half Dockyard gained the equalizer when Kenneth Le Febour took a close in shot from a pass by Abraham.

Maharashtra settled down and were attacking, but missed chances were galore Dadoo failed to push the ball into an empty goal after beating the onrushing custodian. Then Borthwick saved a stinging shot from the same player.

Extra time was played as the teams were on level terms at full time and in the first period Dockyard obtained the all important goal through Caesar Gomes who accepted a grand pass from Ivor Abraham.

The teams: DOCKYARD 'A' G. Borthwick, C. Le Fabour, E. Bennett; M. D'Souza, P. D'Souza, R. Tavares; C. Gomes, R. Whyte, I. Abraham, K. Le Febour, T. D'Souza.

MAHARASHTRA: Earthan; Deole, Dhoral; Bhatia, R. Melellu, S. Melellu, M. Pillay, Chatre, Dadu, Syed, Xavier.

UMPIRES: Stevens and Gopalan.

PRESSMEN EXCEL

The Times of India who placed low in the league strengthened their outfit today bringing in Reggie Rodrigues who is an asset to any side. His astute passes completely baffle stubborn defences and knot up the halves. The collegians were lucky to lose by only a solitary goal.

St. Xavier's defence had quite a hard day in this evening's proceedings. The College custodian Tony Lobo gave another fearless display to save some powerful and solo shots.

The College have to blame their inner forwards for putting up a very poor show. Numerous through passes from L. D'Costa and some capital centres from L. Lobo were wasted.

The all-important goal was registered by Frank Correa in the 20th minute of play when he outwitted Owen Ferreira and then entered the circle to beat Lobo from a difficult angle. Lobo miskicking the ball.

The teams: TIMES 'A' Gibson; Roberts. P. Fernandes; H. D'Souza, A. Vaz, L. D'Souza; L. Braganza, J. Vaz, F. Correa, Reg. Rodrigues, Elly.

ST. XAVIERS 'A': A. Lobo, O. Ferreira, G D'Souza; T. Le Febour, H. Dias, C Perreira; L. Lobo, L. D'Costa, J. Fonseca, J. D'Souza, M. D'Sa.

UMPIRES: Z. D'Silva and Mendonca.

PURSHOTTAM SHIELD CRICKET

A Century Each. By Rege, Sohoni, Desai And Panjari

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mery Maharashtrians Cricket Club, continuing their match in the Purshottam Hindu Cricket Championship Shield Tournament, against Gay Musafirs piled up a huge total of 397 runs for loss of only 3 wickets in reply to their opponents' total of 391.

For their big score Merry Maharashtrians should thank their Test players, P.G. Joshi, M.R. Rege and S. W. Sohoni who contributed 61, 177 not out, and 113 not out respectively. Unfinished 4th wicket partnership between Rege and Sohoni realised 279 runs.

Merry Maharashtrians Cricket Club beat Gay Musafirs by 7 wickets and 6 runs at Kennedy Sea-face on P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Ground.

Gay Musafirs—391 for 9 all out. Merry Maharashtrians C. C.—397 for 3 Wkts. (P.G. Joshi 61, M.R. Rege not out 177, S.W. Sohoni not out 113; S. P. Gupte 2 for 145, Vinod 1 for 38).

In the second match in the Shield Tournament National Cricket Club drew with Mahim Juvenile Cricket Club at Cross Maidan.

Mahim Juvenile C.C.—296 for all out (K.R. Panjari 134, D.D. Warlikar 34, J.N. Koli 30, N. Parekh 3 for 28, V. R. Amladi 3 for 28, S.L. Patil 2 for 35) National C.C.—214 for 3 wkts. (B.D. Desai not out 106, B.G. Patil 49, P.G. Rege 47, K.R. Panjari 2 for 54).

Ceylon Turf Club Murder Accused To Die

COLOMBO, March 5 (PTI-Reuter)—Four accused in the Ceylon Turf Club robbery and murder case have been sentenced to death by Sir Arthur Wijeyewardene, Chief Justice, on a unanimous verdict of guilty returned by the jury against them.

JUNIOR AGA KHAN HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Junior Aga Khan Hockey Tournament annually conducted by the Bombay High Schools Athletic Association will commence on March 12. The last date for receipt of entries is March 10 and should be forwarded to Mr. Ziauddin, C/o. Anjuman-i-Islam High School or Mr. Jos Gonsalves, Cordeiro House, Parel.

All games will be played at the Cooperage Ground.

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NEW DELHI
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Visit our stands to see
BRUSH MAKING MACHINES
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Swadeshi Mills Estate, BOMBAY 4.

Ten-Squadron Air Force For India

SHORT-TERM PLAN FOR DEFENCE

(Continued from Page 1)

that defies description".

Referring to the criticism of the provision of a large amount for the defence budget, the Defence Minister said: "We must realise the problems with which the country is faced. Within these limitations, we ought to be able to go ahead with our developments and we shall be able to acquit ourselves with credit, whenever we are called upon to play our part in the defence of our Motherland".

OF THE AIR FORCE

Reviewing the development of the Air Force in India, Sardar Baldev Singh said: "As a result of the partition of the country in 1947 the Air Force was left with only one permanent station in India.

"The force was thus left to manage almost everywhere with the temporary structures built during the war. These structures—hutments, as they are called—have outlived their usefulness. They are far from comfortable and though suitable for wartime emergencies, could hardly be expected now to last long. The problem was urgent and though we had many difficulties to surmount, I am glad we have now got started and should not be able to go through our programme without any further hitch.

"Our Air Force is a young service with a history of not more than 17 years. It was promulgated and it started with the first flight of some four Wapati aircraft with a small batch of airmen, of whom Air Vice-Marshal Mukherjee had been Commissioner earlier".

FOUNDATIONS LAID BY MOTILAL

Skeene Committee Report

Referring to the earlier stages when the need for an Air Force in India was recognised by what was known as the Skeene Committee, appointed in 1926 to report on the possibility of Indianising the armed service, the Defence Minister added:

"Its interest to us today is merely academic, but I refer to it because of the connection with it of one of our most illustrious compatriots, the late Pandit Motilal Nehru, the indomitable fighter in India's struggle for freedom and father of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, our Prime Minister today.

"Few could have imagined that year in 1926 that the foundations then laid down by his father would bear the edifice of which, the chief architect was to be his son. History, in fact, has since written the page of a far more glorious achievement, so that we talk not only of the Indianisation of armed forces, but of the national armed forces of free India: we talk no more of plans but of things and deeds done as masters in our own house.

"And it is in such altered circumstances—altered to suit our will and our cause—that I am here today to inaugurate this scheme of construction undertaken on behalf of the Air Force of the sovereign Republic of India.

"The Force, as I have said, is young in years. And yet within this short period of 17 years, our airmen and their officers have carved for themselves a place in the Armed Forces and in the brief story of our country's freedom which is as honourable as it is packed with merit.

PARTITION PASSIONS

"The partition of the country to which I have referred, brought grave and dreadful happenings in its train. Millions of our countrymen were uprooted from their homes and left abandoned in isolated pockets exposed to beastly passions let loose in vast areas.

"The entire responsibility of escorting these unfortunate men, women and children to places of safety was thrown on the Armed Forces. Our Air Force then rescued and flew out people from remote and inaccessible places, dropped food and rations to masses of men on the move in convoys, and carried out other hazardous duties in places reeking with hatred and blood lust.

"Then came the fearful tragedy of Kashmir where hosts of invaders began their depredations and began their record of villainy and crime that have few parallels in civilized history. It was a case of touch and go at the time.

"The enemy had forced its way into the Kashmir Valley and we had to go to the help of the victims of this foul treachery within a matter of hours. Who does not know the exploits of our Air Force of that time and of subsequent months when our armies had to fight gangsters back from Srinagar and elsewhere into the recesses of uncharted hills and unknown valleys.

PERILOUS JOB

"The tasks assigned to it from day to day were indeed full of peril. Flights were undertaken without guidance knowledge, at altitudes thousands of feet high, in river beds and improvised strips, without scientific appliance or modern safety devices. And as if this was not enough, the Air Force had also to grapple with the air-lifting of some 35,000 refugees from a beleagured garrison deep in the interior, within shooting distance of the enemy, during day and night.

"All this and much more was done with cool and calculated courage, with devotion to duty that left a whole world breathless and stricken with wonder. We mourn, of course, the casualties, but the fact they were so few and far between proves the high efficiency and the talented leadership of the pilots and their commanders. India is proud of this Air Force as it is proud of the other armed services. They have proved their mettle, their patriotism and their worth.

OUR TASK NOT OVER YET

Fight Against A Mentality

"I wish I could say their task is ended. It is not. Fortunately, the hostilities have been brought to a stop since the cease-fire was agreed upon now over 14 months ago. We have kept our pledged word and our forces have held themselves in restraint in spite of a number of annoying incidents and inroads by the other side.

"We on our side have affirmed that we will not go to war for the settlement of Kashmir or any other dispute. Our case is just; we shall not depart from the path of justice. But we are up against a mentality that has baffled all lovers of peaceful methods.

"Our restraint and our patience has so far found little response from the other side. Hatred and falsehood which so subjected millions of innocent men, women and children to unparalleled misery in 1947 are still the theme across the border among their propagandists, their presses and their preachers.

"Evil-doers are at large and evil still stalks—now here and there—with a brazen audacity that defies description. From the replies we receive to our requests or warnings, it would seem as if set and pre-conceived replies are thrown back at us that have no relation to truth or facts.

NO PLEASURE

"It is no pleasure for me to have to say so. But the latest happenings in East Bengal are ominous and the manner in which Pakistan authorities seem to gloss over them is very much like how things were fashioned in 1947. It would be folly mistaking these tactics. In any event, we cannot be complacent; you must remain vigilant. I will not say more.

"The construction of this Air Force station, on which we have now embarked, has been undertaken at a period of considerable financial strain in the country. I need hardly say that in going ahead with this and other projects of urgency, the Government is fully conscious of the needs of the Air Force, its officers and we have so far had to remain content with make-shifts and improvisations.

"The project has been prepared with considerable care after examining the latest designs of buildings, hangers and airfields in Europe and elsewhere. In preparing the designs and throughout the planning period, there has been commendable amount of co-operation between the Air Force and the Army engineers at headquarters.

CO-OPERATION

"I attach very great importance to the value of this co-operation in our two services. It builds up fellowship and community of interest and paves the way for mutual accommodation and adjustments in times of greater stress and difficulties. I would like to say that this is typical of the inter-services collaboration that has developed in all other spheres as well.

"Up till now, the Army was and it still remains the main force of our defence services. Revolutionary changes have taken place throughout the world, particularly since the last world war, in the general evaluation of Land, Air and Naval Forces and the overall tendency seems to point to a balanced integration and closer collaboration.

"This must come here in course of time and I have no hesitation in saying that the Air Force will attain its proper place and is bound to grow from strength to strength. Your role and importance in any operation is clear; in fact, as we had found ourselves, it is not possible to undertake any operation without your help and co-ordinated plan.

AIR FORCE IS INDEPENDENT

Misunderstanding

"In spite of it, let there be no misunderstanding. The Air Force is an independent service, under its own planning and along lines suited to its specific needs. We have so far not been able to do as much as we could wish on their behalf. There are difficulties in our way. But we shall surmount these as time goes on.

"As it is, in the brief period of some 30 months, our defence forces have made their power felt all around. The progress our country has made the manner in which our Government has grappled with fearful and mighty problems, has enthralled the whole world. I am not surprised. We have inherited a mighty tradition and now that we are our own masters, free of foreign yoke, we are bound to pick up the threads of our history and go forward from strength to strength.

"We have talent enough. We have incalculable natural resources in our land. What we lack is the industrial potential. In the modern world, the defences of no country can be complete unless its forces are able to find their needs in weapons, tools, machinery and other equipment in the country itself.

"We must fill this gap as soon as it is possible. We must develop essential industrial establishments: we must get started with the latest and most modern manufacturing plants Thereby, we shall be able to meet the needs of a highly technical service like the Air Force and carry through our plans of building up our defence services according to the need of the times.

EXPENDITURE

"It is said in some quarters that we are spending too large an amount of money on our defence service. It is true but I find it difficult to under- Armed Forces of today are not the same as they were seen before the last world war.

"The army is a mechanised force. The naval craft must be equipped with every scientific device. The Air Force works wholly on machinery and on complicated and delicately adjusted appliances that it would be folly to think of cheaper equipment. We should have up-to-date equipment and naturally this costs money.

"Without modern equipment we cannot expect our forces to be either effective or efficient. We must, of course, avoid, unnecessary expenditure. We must realise the problems with which the country is faced. That, I am sure we are conscious of. Within these limitations, we ought to be able to go ahead with our development and I have no doubt that we shall be able to acquit ourselves with credit whenever we are called upon to play our part in the defence of our motherland.

"The station, when complete, will cover a fairly large area of some 2,700 acres. In addition to buildings for residence and for offices, it will have an airfield where every type of heavy and fast aircraft will be able to land and take off and where the most modern radio and technical equipment to assist in taking off, land and in-circuit around will be installed.

FOUNDATION FIRM

"Young officers and men, you have already won the praise of your countrymen and impressed the world outside. A great responsibility rests on you. The foundation of India's Air Force has been well laid.

"We should not allow any weak spots to develop any where. The responsibility of building up this most important wing of our Armed Forces depends on you. Your likes or dislikes should not injure the interests of the service; nor should there be any room for sectional, communal or provincial considerations.

"You must give a fair deal to all officers and men serving under you. You have kept these traditions in the past and they should be continued in the future also. In the times before us our aim should be how as Indians and Indians alone, we can serve the Air Force and the country".

Paying his tribute to Air Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst, who has just handed over the charge, the Defence Minister said: "The Air Force was fortunate in having him as their first Commander-in-Chief, an officer who brought rare qualities of experience, energy and determination to the problem of building up the Indian Air Force from scratch. "It is in no small measures, thanks to his wholehearted devotion to the interests of the force, that it has made such a flying start. His place has now been taken over by Air Marshal Ivelaw-Chapman, who, I have no doubt, will fill up the gap successfully."

The P.T.I. adds:

AIR FORCE'S SHORT TERM PLANS

Three Flying Stations

Air Marshal Ivelaw-Chapman, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Air Force, said that the Air Force's short-term plan foresaw the completion of three major flying stations, namely Agra, Poona and Kalaikunda near Calcutta modelled on similar stations of modern air forces in the advanced countries. There were other plans too but they would have to wait until funds were available.

Even the Agra station was expected to take five to ten years to complete, again depending on funds. This and the two other stations planned would represent only about one-sixth of the total works programme that would be required to put the Indian Air Force on a stable peace-time permanent basis.

The building programme at Agra, within the limits of this relatively small station, would need 3,000 tons of steel, 30,000 tons of cement, over 600 lakhs of bricks and probably more than 50 miles of electric cables of all sizes. "This", he said, "will convey the magnitude of the task that lies ahead of us".

TEN-SQUADRON FORCE

The Air Marshal pointed out that it was the Government of India's policy now that India's Air Force should expand to a ten squadron force as part of the essential requirements for the defence of this country.

The Indian Air Force, according to its Commander-in-Chief, "will for many young men from all walks of life".

The Defence Minister paid a warm tribute to the Air Force for its services to the country ranging from the evacuation of refugees after partition to fulfilling its tasks in Kashmir under the most difficult conditions.

Group Captain Bhatia, commanding the Agra station, was loudly applauded when he said that the transport squadron now based at Agra had to its credit 13 out of 19 "Vir Chakras" awarded to Indian Air Force personnel so far.

AIR DISPLAY

Transport aircraft of the I.A.F. flew past in formation as Sardar Baldev Singh laid the foundation stone. Placed underneath it was a hermetically sealed copper case containing newspapers from every part of India describing the importance of the occasion. An Indian Air Force guard of honour presented arms and an I.A.F. band played the "Jana Gana Mana". The inscription on the stone was both in Hindi and English.

Demonstrations of mass descents by paratroopers, supply-dropping by Dakotas and aerobatics by an aero athelo trainer aircraft followed.

Preservation Of Soil Fertility

USE OF CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS

NEW DELHI, March 6.

THE present low yield of crops which has made our country deficient in her food requirements is to a very large extent due to the neglect of the fertility of the soil.

Until recently, chemical fertilizers like sulphate of ammonia and ammonium phosphate had been applied mainly to cash crops. With the rise in the price of foodgrains and the growing awareness in the country of the nitrogen deficiency in Indian soil, the demand for fertilizers for food crops has increased. The most popular and valuable chemical fertilizer in India is Sulphate of Ammonia of which India produces at present only 50 to 60 thousand tons. The fertilizer factory at Sindri, in Bihar, which is expected to go into production by the end of 1951 will produce nearly 3,50,000 tons of sulphate of ammonia a year, as against our estimated annual requirement of four to five lakh tons.

PHOSPHATIC MANURES

Another chemical fertilizer now being used increasingly is superphosphate Although the annual production of superphosphate in this country has not so far exceeded 50,000 tons, resources exist to raise the production immediately to 100,000 tons, and more in future. The Government of India have accordingly planned for the distribution this year of nearly one hundred thousand tons of superphosphate from indigenous sources and are not importing any phosphatic fertilizers. Rock phosphate, the raw material for producing superphosphate, is not available in India and is being imported cheaply from the sterling area countries.

Another source of phosphate is bone meal. It is generally used on the soil where a slow action organic form of phosphate is required. Prior to the last war, India was the largest exporter of good quality crushed bones of which bone meal is the by-product. The inherent religious prejudice of the agriculturists had till hitherto prevented the utilization of bone meal as manure to any large extent. The position, however, has altered and the prejudice is gradually disappearing. To meet the increasing demand for bone meal, the Government of India are encouraging the formation of co-operative societies for the production of bonemeal as a cottage industry.

While the export of crushed bones has been allowed to earn foreign exchange, all bone meal manufactured in India is used for agricultural purposes. Moreover, crushed bones fetch a considerably higher price than rock phosphate required for the manufacture of super-phosphate.

CONTROL OF FERTILIZERS

All forms of nitrogenous fertilizers are controlled by the Union Government which arranges for supplies from producing countries abroad. The indigenous supplies which are also controlled are taken into consideration when allocations are made by the Centre to the State Governments.

The internal distribution of fertilizers is the responsibility of the State Governments.

Mysore State Accounts

CENTRE TO TAKE OVER CONTROL

BANGALORE, Mar. 4. (PTI): Mr. V. Narahari Rao, Comptroller and Auditor-General of India, told pressmen here today that he had had discussions with audit and accounts officials of the Government of Mysore and "almost all problems" relating to the taking over from April 1 of the audit and accounts administration of the state had been satisfactorily settled."

Mr. Narahari Rao said he did not anticipate any "violent changes" in the audit and accounts structure in the State as the result of its absorption. It was expected that changes would be made in the smoothest manner possible without any disturbance to the administration. It was also expected that there would be no retrenchment of staff so far as the Audit and Accounts Departments was concerned he said.

With regard to the power and functions of the Auditor-General Mr. Narahari Rao said the Auditor-General was one of the important functionaries in a democratic set up.

Set up under the Constitution, his position was comparable to that of the Supreme Court. No audit objection could be overruled by Government. This was a constitutional safeguard and the ultimate remedy rested with the Legislature.

Mr. Narahari Rao will leave Bangalore tomorrow morning for Trivandrum.

HINDI AND NOT HINDUSTANI

HUBLI, March 5 (PTI)—About six thousand students from Karnataka who appeared for the different Hindi examinations conducted by Dakshina Bharathi Hindustani Prachar Sabha at Dharwar centre, have sent a signed memorandum to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Sabha requesting change of the name "Hindustani" to "Hindi".

Pt. Sidhanath Pant, Karnataka Provincial Secretary of the Sabha revealed to the students that the same point was discussed at the general body of the Sabha, last month, at Madras and it unanimously opined in favour of Hindi.

Dyes & Chemicals

SAPTHOLS	
CAS	10 -
CBS	13 -
CBO	14 8
CSG	18 -
CSW	15 2
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	12 2
" Scarlet CKR Base	12 -
" Red CB Base	13 8
" Red CKCR Base	12 8
" Garnet CKGBC Base	4 8
Yellow CGC	7 12
Corinth CB Base	10 -
Orange CKGR	9 8
Orange CGC Base	10 4
Bordeaux CGP Base	15 -
Bordeaux CGP Salt	7 2
Scarlet CKR Salt	5 8
Blue CB Salt	7 -
" Violet B Salt	14 -
DIRECT COLOURS	
Direct Black Extra	5 -
Direct Green Extra	6 -
Direct Violet Extra	6 -
Direct Yellow 4 GL	12 -
Direct Sky Blue Extra	10 -
Direct Rubin	5 -
Direct Orange Extra	8 -
Direct Brown	5 -
Daizo Black Extra	5 -
Chrysophenine NG Extra	11 12
Benzopurpurine 4B	5 8
Tarquoise Blue	18 -
Delta Purpurine 5B Conc.	8 8
Congo Red H Dark (56)	4 6
SULPHUR COLOURS	
Sulphur Black 692	3 8
Sulphur Black 992	3 4
Sulphur Black HK Grain	3 6
Alizarine 20 p.c. paste	148 -
Alizarine 100 p.c. Powder	7 12
CHEMICALS	
Bisulphite of Soda	75/-
Turkey Red Oil	43/-
Monopol Napthol Soap	43/-
Sitric Acid	205/-
Soda Bicarb	19/-
Soda Ash Light USA	18/-
Ammonia Bicarb Powder	60/-
Ammonia Chloride	34/-
White Sugar of Lead	145/-
Brown Sugar of Lead	110/-
Tri Sodium Phosphate	50/-
Bleaching Powder	36/-
Nitrite of Soda	65/-
ACID BASIC AND OTHERS	
Methylene Blue Extra	6 8
Metanil Yellow Elephant	2 12
Metanil Yellow Extra	5 8
Methyl Violet Lumps	4 12
Punkag Magenta MCK Lumps	8/-
Magenta Extra O	9 8
Diamond Green	8 8
Bismark Brown Extra	4 8
Crysodine Extra	4 -
Malachite Green Crystals	7 8
Auramine Extra	8/-
Acid Orange Extra	3/-
Acid Scarlet	4 8
Kumkum Scarlet	8/-
Rhodamine B Extra 500 pc	23 8
Soap Green	20/-
VAT FAST DYES	
Vat Blue GCD Power	40/-
Vat Blue RSN Powder	39 8
Vat Dark Blue BO	38/-
Vat Brlt. Green B 900	37/-
Vat Brlt. Green B 3200 Powder	165/-
Vat Brlt Green B 2100 Powder	85/-
Vat Green B paste	20/8
Vat Magenta B powder	45/-
Vat Yellow GG	32/-
Vat Olive Gray Powder	20/-
Vat Red Brown	20/-
Vat Violet 4R Powder	62/-
Vat Violet 2R	62/-
Vat Pink R	63/-
PRINTING COLOURS	
Printosol O Conc.	24/-
Printosol CO 4B	29 -
Printosol Green IB Pas	55/-
Golden Yellow IGK	66 -
Rapid Red	15 -
Rapid Orange	16/-
Rapid Blue	18/4
Indigo 60 p.c Grains	4 8
Indigo 60 p.c. Grains 1 lb pkg.	5 2
CHEMICALS	
Sodium Sulphide English	37/-
Sodium Sulphide Indian small	33/-
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)	28/-
Aniline Salt	1/14
Bichromate of Soda	75 -
Bichromate of Pottash	135 -
Caustic Soda 1 Lb pkg	0 6 6
Caustic Soda 450 Lbs pkg	36/-
Acetic Acid	0 15/-
Zinc Dust	105/-
Borax Crys.	36/-
Formal De Hyde	0 8/-
Rangolite C	4 12

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph	150-5/8
Amerex Holding Co.	34
Anaconda Copper	30-3/8
Chase National Bank	39-1/8
Firestone Tyre	89
General Electric	46-3/4
General Motors	76-1/4
Ingersol Rand	69-1/4
International Nickel	27-3/8
National City Bank	48-1/8
New York Central Rail Rd.	13-1/2
Sinclair Oil Corpn.	22-3/8
Socony Vacuum Oil	16-3/8
Texas Corpn.	61-3/8
Union Carbide	43-1/2
U.S. Smelting and Refining	37-3/8
U.S. Steel Common	31-5/8
Western Union	20-3/4

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 940,000.

The highest and lowest of U.S. Steel trading prices were 31-3 4 and 31-1/2 respectively.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

ORLEANS: Mar. 31 64, May 31.98, July 32 02, Oct. 30 03, Spot 31.80.

New York Cotton May highest 32 60 at 10 12 hrs., lowest 32 30 at 11 50 hrs.

London Exchanges unchanged. Australian wheat, 121/8 Marapl

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, March 4.

New York Cotton: Mar. 31.92, May 32.30, July 32.23, Oct. 30 07, Spot 32 84.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, March 4.

CHICAGO WHEAT: Mar. 2.23-1/4, May 2.15-1/4, July 1 96-1/4, Sept. 1.96-3/4.

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For all Pains
BENGAL CHEMICAL

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THE MAHARAJA OF JAIPUR
RAJPRAMUKH OF RAJASTHAN

ON

TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1950
AT 6 P. M.

AT

THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS, BACKBAY RECLAMATION
OPPOSITE CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA, BOMBAY

STALL HOLDERS MUST DECORATE THEIR STALLS IMMEDIATELY. ONLY A FEW STALLS AVAILABLE

CONTACT:- 21286 OR AT EXHIBITION GROUNDS.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

SALE OF MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

The following items of medical equipment are available for sale to medical practitioners only at the prices indicated below. Samples of stores mentioned against item Nos. (1) to (13) may be seen with the Director, United States Transfers, 6-Esplanade East, Calcutta and of those mentioned against item Nos. (14) and (15) with the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay Medical practitioners must produce their credentials or bonafides giving also their Registration Nos. to the respective officers.

	STORES	QUANTITY.	UNIT PRICE Rs.
1.	Sphygomomanometer Aneroid	723	25/-/-
2.	Engine Foot	68	98/-/-
3.	Lathe Dental 110 V. 60 cy:	11	159/-/-
4.	Case operating small improved comp:	64	99/-/-
5.	X-Ray Field Unit Generator	58	870/-/-
6.	X-Ray Field Unit tube unit chest MDX-3	22	1014/-/-
7.	X-Ray Field Unit control unit 110/220 volts, 60 cycle Chest MDX-4	28	686/-/-
8.	X-Ray Field unit dark room comp:	33	622/-/-
9.	X-Ray Field unit tube X-Ray	17	726/-/-
10	X-Ray Field unit flouroscopic foreign body localization:	88	3940/-/-
11.	Autoclave Field portable	632	90/-/-
12.	Lamp Operating Field Generator	71	1192/-/-
13	Chair Dental Field folding	101	113/-/-
14	(P.V. 04155) Spinal and local anaesthetic outfit complete	74	50/-/-
15.	(P.V. 25860) Vibrator Portable	22	150/-/-

LOCATION:—Stores at serial Nos 1 to 13 are located at the Bhagwati Medical Stores Depot, Howrah, and those at serial Nos. 14 and 15 at the Armed Forces Medical Stores Depot, Sewri, Bombay

2. The sale value of the stores may either be paid in cash or in the form of a Deposit at Call Receipt on the Imperial Bank of India in favour of the respective officers.

3. The stores are sold on an "as is where is" basis and purchasers are, therefore, requested to satisfy themselves regarding their condition, suitability etc. The stores will have to be removed by the purchasers or their authorised representatives from the site of their location and will not be despatched by Government.

4. The application for purchase should be accompanied by a certificate to the effect that the equipment required is meant for the practitioner's own use only and not for re-sale.

5. One number of each of the stores listed will be sold to each applicant.

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,
NEW DELHI.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

INDIA NEEDS SELFLESS COMPETENT WORKERS

Dr. Prasad Urges Change In System Of Education

KANGRI (Hardwar), March 5, (U.P.I.).

"BHARAT now demands the services of selfless and competent men and women as ministers, legislators, administrators, public workers and technicians. Then alone can our present poverty economy change rapidly into prosperity-economy", said Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President, Indian Republic while delivering the convocation address at Gurukul Kangri University, today.

In the course of his address Dr. Rajendra Prasad said: "It was about 25 years ago that I came here along with Gandhiji to attend your convocation, and what a change these 25 years have wrought in our country! Then we were in the thick of our non-violent battle to wrest power from the British rulers. Britain has now completely quitted India and we are absolute masters of our country. All the solutions to our multifarious national problems have now to come from us. No one has to aid or interfere with us, and to the extent that we take wise decisions will our country march onwards.

DIRE NEED

"Our country's dire need today is for efficient, principled workers in all walks of national life. Our new constitution confers the right of vote on every adult of 21 to choose the rulers of the country. Obviously, the main responsibility and burden to produce leaders and good workers for our various phases of national life rests with our universities.

"Your Gurukul, drawing inspiration from our vedic past, is a unique institution in the whole of India. When 50 years back, English language and thought held sway in our country, your far-seeing founder, Swami Sharadhanand took a bold decision by introducing Hindi as medium of instruction right upto the highest stage in the Gurukul. Your experiment of 50 years has demonstrated that graduates educated through the medium of Hindi are in no way inferior to the graduates turned out by English teaching universities.

GREAT CONTRIBUTION

"Your one great contribution to our educational system is that you have revived the past intimate relationship between the teacher and the taught.

"I can say from my personal experience of college life that most of our teachers are mere lecturers like any public lecturer who just delivers himself of a lecture and goes away without forming any deeper bonds with his audience. Many of our college students seldom come in personal contact with their principal or teachers.

"Is there then, any wonder if very often our teachers find it difficult to manage the boys, or influence them in the right direction? Today, Human relationship in our educational institutions has become mechanical and commercial.

This easily explains the present indiscipline, waywardness and disorderly behaviour of our students, that is so much in evidence these days. This absence of intimate relationship between those who teach and those who learn is a serious defect of our present system of education, to remove which we will have to get inspiration from our past.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

"I appreciate why this Gurukul did not like to take any help or otherwise subordinate its individuality to the British masters, for your ideals were diametrically opposed to theirs. Now the conditions are radically changed. I look forward to an early recognition of the importance of your institution as a pioneer in the cause of Education on Indian ideals by our Government, and hope that soon such institutions as yours will be co-ordinated with other modern institutions, Governmental or otherwise, and once education is imparted through an Indian medium, we will have a grand spectacle of an educational orchestra in India, comprising all universities playing for the mental and moral regeneration of our people, then we will have a large army of properly educated people, imbued with ideals of national service, taking the country forward".

DONATION

HARDWAR: The President' Dr. Rajendra Prasad anncunced a sum of Rs. one lakh as donation to the Gurukul Kangri University on behalf of the Government of India, while delivering the convocation address of the Gurukul Kangri University

DON'T OBSERVE HARTAL

Lahiry's Call To Calcutta

CALCUTTA, March 5 (PTI): Mr. Ashutosh Lahiry, the Hindu Mahasabha leader has appealed to the citizens of Calcutta not to take any notice of the call for a hartal tomorrow given by certain organisations and advises them to carry on their normal activities during the day as usual.

Mr. Lahiry in a statement says:—"I understand that certain organisations have declared a hartal tomorrow on the occasion of Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's visit to Calcutta. The Hindu Mahasabha disapproves of such a strike because it feels it is essential that Pandit Nehru should be impressed with the gravity of the situation and every possible effort should be made to secure his approval for the particular policy which we want him to adopt.

"It will be unfortunate if he meets on his arrival at Calcutta an atmosphere which will defeat our purpose. I, therefore, ask the citizens of Calcutta not to observe hartal tomorrow".

NEED TO TAKE STRONG ACTION

Mahasabha's Call To Government

BOMBAY, Sunday.

At a meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Hindu Mahasabha at Chowpatty this evening, a resolution expressing grave concern over the happenings in the Eastern Pakistan and urging the Government of India to take strong Governmental action against Pakistan was passed. Mr. N. D. Dange presided.

Mr. V. G. Deshpande referring to the atrocities committed by the Pakistani's on Hindus in Eastern Pakistan said that from facts which could not be disputed they were convinced that a stage had been reached when relief delayed would mean relief denied to Hindus in Pakistan.

The meeting was addressed by a number of other speakers including Pandit Mukund Malvi, and others.

SHAH OF IRAN IN EAST PAKISTAN

DACCA, March 5 (UPI): The Shah of Iran arrived in Dacca by plane from Karachi this morning. He was accompanied by the Governor-General of Pakistan and high officials and press correspondents of Iran.

In his honour a garden party was arranged at Government House in the afternoon.

The Shah will stay in East Pakistan for three days.

New Air Chief On Right To Comfort

AGRA, March 5 (PTI): Air Marshal Ivelaw-Chapman, the new Chief of the Indian Air Force, today proclaimed a new right for his officers and men—the right to a reasonable standard of domestic comfort.

Speaking at the foundation-stone laying ceremony of the first permanent I.A.F. station here, he said: "You will not get the maximum efficiency out of any service unless you have contented personnel and that means that the majority of officers and airmen who are entitled to live with their families at Air Force stations should be enabled to do so, and that there should be a reasonable standard of domestic comfort for all personnel who serve their country at the station".

Among those who cheered this statement were the wives of Air Force officers and men present at the ceremony.

Rural Museum

KARWAR, March 4, (PTI): It has been decided to establish a Rural Development Board Museum at the Agricultural School at Kumta. The Collector of Karwar has sanctioned a grant of Rs. 500 out of his discretionary grant, for this museum.

Kashmir-Nepal Wedding

Wedding ceremony took place at Darlya Mahal between Yuvraj Karan Singh of Kashmir and Jammu and Princess Yashorajya, daughter of Major General, Sardar Shamshure Jung Bahadur Rana and Rani Sarda Shamshure Jung Bahadur.

SHELL'S BIG VENTURE

Boring 10,000 Feet On Queensland Site

ADELAIDE, March 4 (PTI-Reuter)—The Shell Oil Company of Australia has begun drilling an 800,000 pounds sterling test oil bore, which will go down 10,000 feet at a site north of Roma in Queensland, the Company announced here today.

If oil were struck, Mr. E. N. Avery, the Company's General Manager, just returned from London said, shell would build a pipeline several hundred miles long to [illegible] on the Queensland coast, so that oil could shipped to Sydney [illegible] Dutch East Indies for refining.

The bore was being sunk in "promising oil country", he said, but even if no oil were found, much valuable data for future searches would be obtained.

Riff Envoy Speaks Out

RANGOON, March 4 (PTI-Reuter)—Dr. Ahmed Glail Muzarra, representative of the Riff leader Abd El Krim, now living in exile in Egypt, called today for the sympathy and co-operation of Burma and India in the liberation of North African countries from European domination.

Dr. Muzarra, who arrived here yesterday, was speaking to reporters here before leaving for Bangkok on his way to Indonesia, where he will meet President Soekarno on Monday.

U. S. Bill For Registration Of Reds Approved

WASHINGTON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): The Senate Judiciary Committee today approved by eight votes to one a Bill requiring registration of Communists and "Communist-Front" organisations.

The measure, designed to check operations of subversive elements, will now go to the full Senate.

RECRUITING FOR U. N. SECRETARIAT

Mr. Barrett At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, March 5 (PTI): Mr. Wilfred Barrett, Deputy Director of the Personnel Bureau, United Nations headquarters, New York, arrived here today from Dacca.

Mr. Barrett is now a round-the-world tour recruiting personnel for the staff of the United Nations Secretariat in New York. He visited Delhi, Allahabad, Madras and Bombay, during the past few weeks and interviewed about 60 candidates, including several women.

Mr. Barrett will leave for Karachi tomorrow.

Poor House In Kanpur

KANPUR, March 5 (P T I): The Kanpur Municipal Board is contemplating to start a poor house in the city for the disabled and destitute persons at the estimated cost of rupees one lakh, it is learnt.

The proposed poor house will accommodate at least 200 disabled and destitute persons.

Boycott Move In S. Africa

JOHANNESBURG, March 5

THE Council of Action of the African National Congress—most influential African organisation in South Africa—has decided to cease all co-operation with the Union Government.

A spokesman said last night that the Council would "boycott all institutions which the Government had forced down their throats."

As a first step the Council had decided to ask Dr. J. S. Moroka, President of the Congress, to resign from the Government-sponsored Natives Representative Council, formed to act as a liaison body between the Government and African Peoples. All other African members of that body would also be asked to resign, the spokesman added.

Mass Expulsion Of Germans

POLISH PLAN IN ACTION

BONN, March 5.

POLAND proposes to expel "the entire German population still remaining east of the Oder-Neisse line", the Allied High Commission stated here today. The number was not definitely known, but an authoritative Allied source said earlier that Poland and the Soviet Zone authorities were moving about 250,000 Germans to the West German border.

The Oder-Neisse line is Germany's present eastern frontiers, her former territory further past is administered by Poland and Czechoslovakia.

The High Commission said Poland had informed the British Embassy in Warsaw of her intention saying that present transports to the West German border were only a first instalment.—PTI-Reuter.

MAINTAIN PEACE AND ORDER

President's Call To Journalists

PATNA, March 4, (PTI): President Rajendra Prasad left for Saharanpur on his way to Hardwar by air at 11 a.m. He was seen off at the airport by the Bihar Governor, Mr. M. S. Aney, members of the State Cabinet and prominent Congressmen and officials.

The President told pressmen here to play their role in maintaining peace and order.

Protect The Minority: Plea To Pakistan

AHMEDABAD, March 5 (PTI): "A meeting of Muslim citizens of Ahmedabad today adopted a resolution condemning the "atrocity perpetrated on the minority community in East Bengal."

The meeting called upon the Pakistan Government to give protection to the minority.

Stop Dangling The Hydrogen Bomb

TEENAGERS WARN UNCLE SAM

NEW YORK, March 5 (PTI-Reuter).

THE UNITED STATES cannot expect to hold the world intact and peaceful by dangling the Hydrogen Bomb. Instead, it should start reading Mahatma Gandhi's 'Ahimsa'.

'Obiter Dicta' like these and others no less profound than any uttered by United Nations diplomats were exchanged between a group of visiting students in the "New York Herald-Tribune" Forum for high schools.

Working for a world government could be mankind's greatest effort—or its last, the teenagers told their elders.

Among the participants were P. Balakrishnan Nair, from India, Miss Nadira Aaziz from Eastern Pakistan and Syed Ardam Hogan-Shaidali of Malaya.

The panel crystallised the ideas the 25 delegates to the Forum have expressed in their ten weeks' stay during which they visited Washington, Texas and the Tennessee Valley.

The panel subject was "The World We Want".

Balakrichnan Nair told the Forum: "I think the tendency in all the East is to do as we have done in India—develop our own democracy on our own foundation".

Syed Adam Hogan-Shaidali: "One reason we will not adopt American democracy is that it is so hopelessly theoretical, sometimes even paradoxical.

"If the East cooied American democracy, there would be a 'Colour Bar' there—a bar against Whites".

Nair: "In India, we have not only outlawed untouchability, but we enforce these laws. The caste system, however, may tak a long time to disappear".

Miss HARRIET HIRSCH (United States), 'Probably for longer than our Negro problem".

Syed ADAM HOGAN-SHAIDALI: "Discrimination is wilfully done here, by individuals whose intelligence has been developed high enough to know right from wrong and to correct wrong."

Nair told the Forum: "We used passive resistance against the British, there is something inherantly deep in the Indian mind—love of peace and the thought of God.

"This will always prevent us from being entirely materialistic and will enable us to build our democracy on our religious heritage."

Miss Nadira Aziz (Pakistan): "Tell me Uncle Sam, do you expect to hold the world intact and peaceful by dangling the Hydrogen bomb? Stop making H. bombs and read Mahatma Gandhi's "Ahimsa" instead.

"I know all the arguments about Russia But there has to be a beginning. My blueprint for world peace is one in which everyone tries to understand the other. When one tries, one will find the other fellow—as I felt about Uncle Sam—a really lovable person, honest and sincere with all his little faults".

INDUSTRIAL FAIR IN EAST GERMANY

To Cater To Soviet Satellites

BERLIN, March 5 (PTI-Reuter)—A Chinese Purchasing Mission is travelling across two continents to place large orders at the Lipzig Spring Fair which opened today, the East German Press reported today.

"Anyone who wants to sell goods in the area stretching from the Chinese sea to Thuringia will have to exhibit in Lipzig", the East Berlin "Belinger Zeitung" said today. "West German industry must realise that the Chinese, the Soviets, and the Czechs will not bother to travel to fairs in West German provincial towns. They will do their buying and selling in Lipzig."

The fair, opened by Professor Hermann Kastner, Deputy Premier of East Germany, is dominated by the Soviet display which covers 20,000 square metres of floor space.

SIR G. C. KITSON

RED HILL (Surrey), March 4 (PTI-Reuter): Major General Sir Gerald Charles Kitson, Divisional Commander at Rawalpindi during the 1914-18 war, died here yesterday. He was ninety-three.

Czech War On R. C. Bishops

INSTRUCTIONS TO CLERGY

PRAGUE, March 4 (PTI-Reuter)—The Czechoslovak Government has warned Roman Catholic Bishops that it will not longer tolerate their "intolerable incitement of priests and the faithful".

Dr. Alexei Cepicka, Czech Justice Minister and head of the State Office for Church Affairs, said in a letter to Archbishop Josef Beran to Prague and Archbishop Jose Matocha of Olomouc that the Bishop's latest instructions to the clergy were illegal.

These instructions, circulated on February 17, warned Roman Catholic priests not to accept church appointments from the State on pain of excommunication, and not to attend State-inspired politicau courses nor to discuss matters of faith with the lay authorities.

Dr. Cepicka accused the Bishops of having worked for a long time subversively to show disquiet. The circular was a further proof of the Bishop's 'deep hatred and enmity of the People's Democratic Order'.

U. S. NAVAL DISPLAY IN VIETNAM

WASHINGTON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter):—The United States will show the flag this month in the Indo-China State of Vietnam, it was announced here.

Ships and planes of the Seventh Fleet will visit Saigon, capital of the French-sponsored State, from March 16 to 20. They will render full naval honours to the Vietnam Chief of State former Emperor Bao Dai of Annam.

Vice-Admiral Russell S. Berkes, Seventh Fleet Commander, will be aboard the destroyer "Stickell". His flagship will be accompanied to Saigon by the destroyer "Anderson."

This naval demonstration for the State recently recognised by the United States will be climaxed by a full scale air review over Saigon by planes from the aircraft carrier "Boxer". The 27,000 ton vessel will anchor off the Indo-China coast, about 25 miles down river from Saigon.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THERE is an interesting story behind the two elephants which Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is presenting to the Washington Zoo. This has received less attention than the news of the gift.

After the Friday newspapers had published the full story of the baby elephants and how they should be fed, the Victoria Gardens authorities were hard put to it to provide enough to sustain the animals until they were removed.

The Rationing authorities took the view that, when there was not rice enough for human beings, it was asking too much to want rice for the elephants. The argument that human beings from the City of Bombay were not being gifted to an American Zoo but the elephants were, failed to move the wooden hearts of bureaucratic-minded officials; nor did the magic name of Nehru do the trick. But somewhere in the distinct reaches of the official mind there stirred the memory of some rice at Sewri which was "unfit for human consumption".

The Victoria Gardens official who was negotiating this delicate business, pondered and decided that the "unfit rice" might be inspected. After all, elephants might not forget but they cannot protest either about the quality of the food. So he hastened to Sewri and gave the dump the once-over and said, "This will do".

But he had counted without his host. He was told that the necessary permits had to be secured and Rs. 25/- deposited at another office on Wittet Road; and he should remember that at 5-30 p.m. the Sewri office shut up for the week-end. It was then 4-30 and a physical impossibility for even a more energetic man to do the job in an hour. Accordingly, he telephoned the Gardens and obtained absolution. It took him some forty-five minutes to get back to his office.

The big boss at the Rationing Office had left by that time and the heavy sarcasm of Victoria Gardens was put in cold storage till Monday morning when he was expected to return.

Faced with the problem of feeding the brutes, the Victoria Gardens staff passed the hat around and collected enough rice to keep the elephants body and soul together till Monday, a piece of disinterested sacrifice which no doubt will gain little thanks.

But this was not all. As they were staggering under the burden of this exaction, they learnt that the B.O.A.C. had refused to carry the elephants because they were too heavy; and now it was up to the Victoria Gardens to look after the two gifts until the tangle was cleared up.

I hope that the Rationing Office on Monday will be more kindly disposed to the Gardens staff. If not, the elephants will soon be light enough to fit into the B.O.A.C. plane.

The moral of it all is that it is not so simple to give presents without involving a lot of fellows in difficulties, even when you are Prime Minister.

VIET MINH REPRISAL AGAINST HRE TRIBESMEN

Attack On Fifty Villages

DALAT (Indo-China), March 5. (PTI-Reuter).

VIET MINH troops have attacked 50 villages in mountainous Kontum Province as a reprisal against tribesmen's revolt against Viet Minh, according to French sources.

These sources claimed the attack was launched after Hre tribesmen had asked for Franco Viet Namese reinforcements to aid their revolt.

Air crews reported seeing whole villages ablaze. Radio Viet Minh, sponsored by Communist Ho Chi Minh, described the battle as merely "vengeance warfare between rival mountain tribes".

"This combat is entirely unconnected with Viet Minh operations", the radio said. French sources said Hre warriors—the first inhabitants of Indo-China—were fighting with primitive arms to protect their ancient rights.

SECRET MEETING

The decision to fight was reported to have been reached by tribal chiefs at a secret meeting as a result of Viet Minh decisions to impose a redistribution of their property, notably buffaloes considered as "sacred" family property.

French sources reported that Viet Minh forces had executed about 10 tribesmen according to traditional rites—shooting with arrows at the condemned men hung from trees.

The black skinned Hre people, originally driven into the mountains by invasions of Kmers Chams and Chinese have remained primitive and have retained their tribal customs.

The Nationalist group likely to make the move was supported by political personalities of the Bao Dai Government as well as many intellectuals in Saigon and Hanoi, the sources added.

They said that the leading spirit behind the proposals was a Nationalist politician, a former Minister under the Japanese occupation.

The proposals, they said, would be for: (1) complete independence, (2) a promise to withdraw French troops, (3) a "cease-fire" order, (4) the United Nations to supervise the "cease-fire" and withdrawal of French troops: (5) formation of a reconciliation commission composed of Vietnamese only and representing all political tendencies: and (6) new general elections and the formation of a new "National Unity" Government.

According to the same sources, such conditions would be likely to satisfy all Vietnamese, including Communist members of Viet Minh, the withdrawal of French troops being the essential condition demanded by Ho Chi Minh. Informants in close touch with Communist and non-Communist Nationalists said that "certain French parties" were likely to support such a solution, which would protect French nationals and their property.

SEVEN HURT

Seven people were slightly injured here last night by four grenades thrown by members of the Viet Minh forces.

Ending War In Indo-China

NATIONALIST MOVE

SAIGON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): A group of Indo-Chinese Nationalists including members of Viet Minh (the Nationalist insurgent movement) is believed to be ready to make new proposals to France to end the warfare in Indo-China, according to generally well-informed Nationalist sources.

They said a secret attempt might be made to reconcile Viet Minh leader, Ho Chi Minh, and ex-Emperor Bao Dai, head of the New State of Viet Nam.

MAO BACK IN PEKING

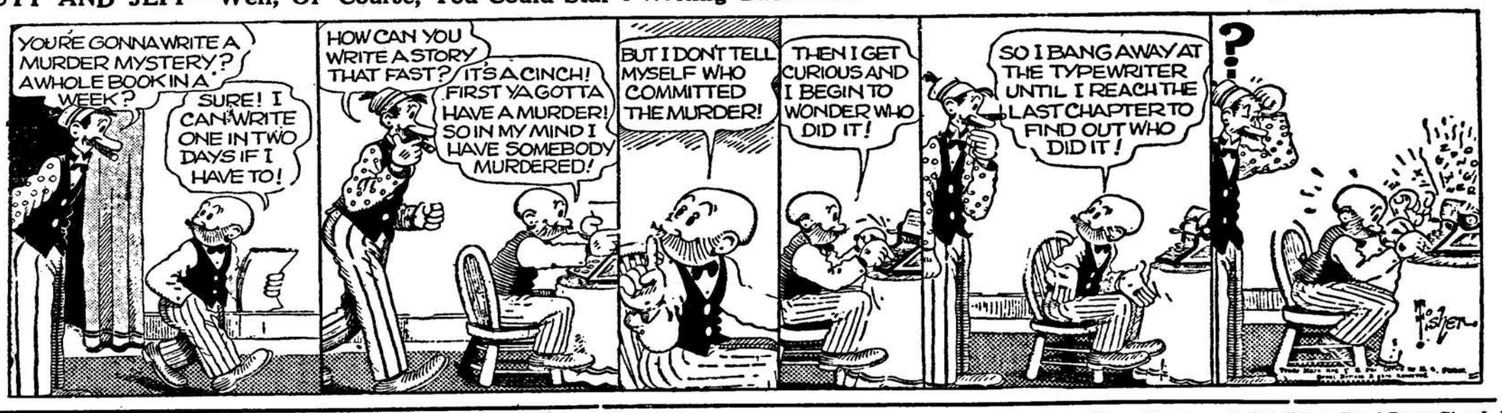
LONDON, March 5 (PTI-Reuter): Mao Tse-tung head of the Chinese People's Government, and his Foreign Minister, Chou En-lai, arrived in Peking tonight from the Soviet Union, where they concluded a 30-year treaty of friendship and alliance with Russia, the New China News Agency reported in a message received in London last night.

Mao arrived in Moscow in the middle of December. He was joined some weeks later by Chou.

The treaty was signed on February 14 by Chou En-lai and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky.

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, Of Course, You Could Star t Writing Backwards

By BUD FISHER


YOU'RE GONNA WRITE A MURDER MYSTERY? A WHOLE BOOK IN A WEEK?
SURE! I CAN WRITE ONE IN TWO DAYS IF I HAVE TO!
HOW CAN YOU WRITE A STORY THAT FAST?
IT'S A CINCH! FIRST YA GOTTA HAVE A MURDER! SO IN MY MIND I HAVE SOMEBODY MURDERED!
BUT I DON'T TELL MYSELF WHO COMMITTED THE MURDER!
THEN I GET CURIOUS AND I BEGIN TO WONDER WHO DID IT!
SO I BANG AWAY AT THE TYPEWRITER UNTIL I REACH THE LAST CHAPTER TO FIND OUT WHO DID IT!
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